Late January Issue

VOGUE

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FASHIONS

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V 46. Fine Lace Curtains. 57 in. White and Ivory. 3 yds. long, 8/11 per pair; 3½ yds., 9/11 per pair. (See left-hand corner illustration.)

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Note.—Articles mentioned in these pages may be procured on request through the Shopping Service of Vogue. Address— Vogue Shopping Service, Rolls House, Bream's Buildings, E.C.

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561. A very useful Model for medium figures, very lightly boned, giving sufficient support without undue pressure. Low bust, medium hip, fitted 4 suspenders. In White Coutil. Sizes 20 in. to 26 in. Sale Price, 8/6

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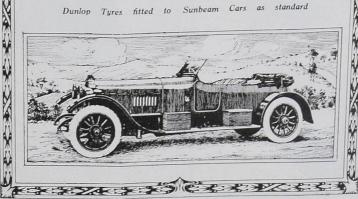
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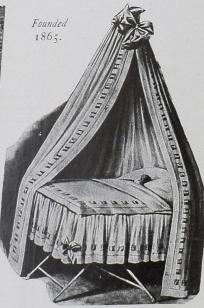
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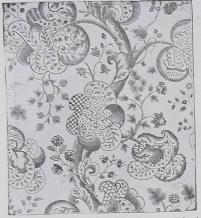
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and green colourings, on a dark liner Reduced from 5/2 to 2/6 per 12 yds

WALLPAPERS At HALF PRICE.

Wall and Ceiling Papers, Borders and Friezes, all high-class designs and colourings, being cleared at from 33½ to 50 per cent. reduction.

Hamptons' "MAYFIELD" Wallpaper, pink and green colourings, on white striped ground.

Reduced from 1/9 to 10d. per 12 yds.

Hamptons' "DARNLEY" Wallpaper, in tapestry colourings, pink, blue, and green shades. Also on a white ground.

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Hamptons' "ANNE" Wallpaper, in chintz colourings, on a white stitch ground.

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The Wallpapers quoted above are a few typical examples of the many bargains now to be obtained in this Department. For illustrations of these and particulars of many others, see page 12 of Hamptons' Sale Catalogue.

To-day and until 27th inst

SEAMLESS AMMINSTER. CARPETS. Lot A.

n every square yard they secure. Reduced to ft. in. ft. in. Usually. Reduced to 6 £2 0 0 1 20×10 6 £7 17 6 £5 12 0 15×13 6 £12 13 0 15×13 6 £2 13 0 15×13 6 £12 13 0 15×13 6 15×13 6 £12 13 0 15×13 6 15×13 6 £12 13 0 15×13 6 15×13 7 15×13 7 15×13 7 15×13 8 15×13 8 1Lot C. WILTON PILE SQUARES.

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T2215. 18 pairs Poplin Curtains, with 2-in braid one side and bottom, lined cotton. Made in green, dark rose, light rose, and grey. 4 ft. × 10 ft. Usual Price, 55/-; Sale Price, 42/- pair.

A5841. 840 yds. 31 in. Cretonne, Jaspé ground

pink roses, green foliage.

Reduced from 1/2½ yd. to 83d. yd. A6925. 1,600 yds. Cretonne, in white, mauve, blue, and drab grounds, with chintz-coloured flowers. 31 in. wide.

Reduced from 1/92 yd. to 1/12 yd.

Kii6. 350 yds. Cretonne, cream ground, blue roses and lilac. 52 in. wide.

Reduced from 2/11 yd. to 1/62 yd.

A₄₃₄₅. 460 yds. Block Printed Cretonne, black ground, bold design, in chintz colours, 52 in. wide. Reduced from 7/11 yd. to 2/11 yd.

 K_{54} . 100 yds. Tapestry, dark foliage colourings, $_{52}$ in. wide. Reduced from $6/r_1$ yd. to 4/11 yd.

For thousands of other unequalled bargains in Furniture, Carpets, Furnishing Fabrics and Winter Curtains, Lace Curtains, Household Linen, Wallpapers, Screens, Pianos, China, Glass, etc., see Hamptons' Illustrated Sale Catalogue, sent free

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TheNEXT

HEIGHO! There is always room for a sigh of satisfaction when the last January issue of Vogue puts in its prominent and welcome appearance on the bookstalls. It is not that its production has been one whit less of a pleasure or more of an effort than it always has been or always will be, but when its goes forth to meet its fate and passes into the great world for judgment it gives up its place to future issues, and future issues of Vogue, like the spring, are fraught with hope. Indeed, Vogue's idea of the months to come is as much the harbinger of the season that is upon us as the return of the swallow from its trip abroad, the lengthening of the days, and the lightening of the rules entailed by the draw-the-curtain-and-blinds bill, the rivals in the tree world, concerning the arrivals of young, simple looking, and very green leaves. It is a signal that winter for the nonce is a spectre of the past; the cold, cruel ghost, who so often did his best to present us with a white world of snow, or, worse still, a dripping grey world, yellow with the snows of yesterday. Winter has returned to his perennial cupboard, and we have now to look forward to a clear season of light and

joy, of happy mood in sky and soul. We go out of doors and Nature surprises us with the freshness of her spring apparel; we gaze in at shop windows in the West End to see what lies behind them in imitation of Nature, and we are still more surprised. Here and there, as we pass along, we marvel at some stray and budding blossom; in Regent Street the sight of a straw hat fluttering with ribbons and fashion's forecast sets us all a-quiver. Or perhaps we are called upon to exclaim at the lights and shades brought forth by an unexpected shower, while the ups and downs of a dainty pair of boots, fitted only to tread paths where no rain has fallen, come upon

us with pleasant force.



Cover Design by Helen Dryden

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V O G U E

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C O N T E N T S

Late January 1917



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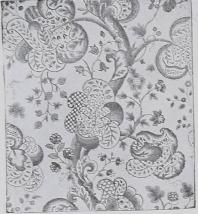
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VOL. 49: NO. 2

Cover Design by Helen Dryden

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Late January 1917



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Photograph by Bertram Park

LADY DROGHEDA

Lady Drogheda is busily engaged with warwork in Ireland. She is organizing a War Depôt at Moor Abbey, her beautiful old home on the borders of Co. Kildare. In this very excellent cause she has enrolled the services not only of the women on the estate but of all her friends in the county, and they are successfully making necessities for the wounded. Lady Drogheda, who is a daughter of the late Mr. Charles M. Pelham-Burn, has two small children, Viscount Moore, born in 1910, and Lady Patricia Doreen, born in 1912



The sportsman may find a wide variety of his favourite diversions country club of Havana

SIGHING for PARIS, AMERICA FINDS a MAKESHIFT

HEN winter meant Paris to us, it was a welcome event deof No spite its curtailment of the delights of long-distance motoring. Nowadays, to say Paris is to make the would-be traveller sigh; the magic of the word is temporarily suspended.

But, deprived of Paris, Americans flock to Havana.

There they make merry; returning, declare that it reminds them in some ways of their beloved Paris. Those who have the slightest doubt of their word, however, may pleasantly prove for themselves the truth of the statement and the further truth that from Havana excellent motor roads lead all about Cuba.

HAVANA DINES OUT

A first glance at the place reveals one striking similarity. All Havana eats out, just as Paris does. A desire to consume privately even so innocent a delectable as a native crab is impossible of attainment. The action must take place

Though Petrol Abounds, Snow, No Respecter of Neutrals, Blocks Northern Roads And Forces the American to Winter in Havana By ALICE MAXWELL APPO

> within three feet of the public sidewalk and in full view of the passers-by. Eating, in Havana, must be in the open and above board. Fugitives from justice presumably starve to death, for even persons who are not being sought can not eat without being recognized by from ten to twenty people in the course of a single meal. Passers-by rush up to one,—people one met on the boat or knew in Billerica, or danced with in the California Building at the Panama-Pacific. A meal is a rout. It is the measure of popularity, the test of social standing. Truly, the Cuban sun gets into American bones and it works out again in a geniality that is far from being inborn. within three feet of the public sidewalk and in being inborn.

But when the sun sinks, a change steals over the cafés. An effort is made to screen the side-

walk, and this is followed in some places by an endeavour to entertain. It is well to relinquish all ideas that one will now obavana

at lineas that one will how observe the Cuban and his family at dinner, discover what they eat, how they dress, and the manner in which they conduct themselves toward each other and the world. The Cuban will be in his own how.

The Cuban will be in his own house.

TRAILING LOCAL COLOUR

The cabaret will not introduce the traveller in Havana to any native music, native dances, or Cuban songbirds. Jennie Magee of Harlem (stage name only appearing on programme) will render "The Rocky Road to Dublin," accompanied intermittently by a few of the steps that have made Broadway justly famous. Or Quince and Quince, who never attained to much of a hit in the States, will do their windmill whirliging and bring down the house.

If the desire to see something characteristic of the country is insistent, one may hail one of



While the north shivers under its icy blanket, Havana basks beneath a summer sun, listening to the waves on one side and to the music of regimental bands playing in the miniature temple on the other





(Left) Tradition says, though we may justifiably doubt it, that Columbus was buried in

(Right) Excellent motor roads link all parts of Cuba. They are of white rock and resemble the fine shell roads of Florida



the little native cabs and tell the *cochero* to drive to Dos Hermanos. Noon is the best hour for this adventure, and whoever seeks it should be prepared to be driven madly through a series of narrow streets, with the wheels of the *coche* scraping ridiculous little sidewalks along the way. If possible, it is well to see that the hubs do not hook occasional pedestrians into one's lap, for the driver is unconcerned. He will stop at a cross street when the toy soldier in blue, who represents the Havana idea of a traffic policeman, holds up a hand, but he will stop for nothing else until he gets where he is going. It may not be the place the traveller set out for at nothing else until he gets where he is going. It may not be the place the traveller set out for at all, but it is the driver's idea of that place. If he has made a mistake, he will gladly rectify it,—at the expense of his passenger, of course, and after the said passenger has stopped all the Cubans who look as though they could speak English and all the Americans who look as though they could speak Spanish, until one who can do both is discovered. This individual, when found, will explain to the driver that one wanted to lunch at the Two Brothers, not at a cigar factory, as the driver had thought.

THE INN OF THE TWO BROTHERS

Arrived at Dos Hermanos, the thing to do is not to linger on the ground floor, but to ascend the stairs and step out upon the roof. The roof is tiled, shaded, sprinkled with tables,—and it overlooks the harbour of Havana. Almost at one's Almost at one's You see a thoufeet the water laps the dock.

feet the water laps the do sand gilded masts aspiring to a sun that flings back their gold. Industrious fussy ferry-boats are weaving patterns between the shores. Cuban longshoremen are droning Cuban songs as ships of various nations load and unload. loading usually various nations load and unload, loading usually things to eat, such as sweet-smelling pineapples and futurist moons of grapefruit, oranges the colour of setting suns, and stolid unimpressionable stolid unimpressionable coco-nuts. On one side, Morro Castle stretches a long neck to take a furtive look at a foreign cruiser lying asleep with one eye open. In the middle distance there is a living as the company of the coco-number of the ship's grave which marks the end of Spanish rule in Cuba, though only little waves are to be seen at the place. Do we still rethe place. Do we still remember? We have so often been urged not to forget.

Perhaps the elderly waiter is one of the two brothers. Anyway he belongs to Dos Hermanos,

and he knows what to serve. He will bring first pescado papillot, fish in paper, and when he deftly cuts the paper away, the guest may revel in an aroma and then a taste, the like of which he has never known before. He will bring arroz con pollo, in a mysterious looking round dish from which he extracts such chicken and rice as double the joy of living. For the saled there from which he extracts such chicken and rice as double the joy of living. For the salad, there will be *langosta*, as red as the lobster of Times Square but more delicate and, oh kind fathers, much cheaper. He will bring bread that has been baked in banana leaves, wine that has been sun-kissed in Spain, coffee that has been thickened and blackened, and flavoured as only Cuba can do it to make it nectar. can do it to make it nectar.

THE DASH TO THE RACES

One dines leisurely and dines well. Even the One dines leisurely and dines well. Even the breeze is adapted to the moment, saucy but not silly, lively but not rough. It matters not that one of the biggest shoe manufacturers in America is entertaining a loud party at the next table. Not even the proximity of his pink carnation and red moustache can spoil the enjoyment. It is expected to effect the strength to flick correct aches provided the and red moustache can spoil the enjoyment. It is enough to flick cigarette ashes nonchalantly on the tiled floor and wonder why people spend money for carpets. At Dos Hermanos every one stays as long as he can and were it not for the irresistible attraction of the races at four, it may be doubted whether the noontime guests at the Two Brothers would ever leave.

For those who do not take their own motors to Havana the proper thing is to take a Ford to

the races. One gets there quickly,—if one gets there at all. "Ford" is Cuban for automobile. Big cars that in America are so proud that they won't run down an unpedigreed dog are only in Cuba, the great leveller of automo-

'Ford driver" is Cuban for chauffeur, and "Ford driver" is Cuban for chauffeur, and Ford drivers proceed on the theory that a miss measures up to a mile and that failure to miss is always excusable. Their optimism exceeds even that of the jitney drivers in San Francisco, whose cheerfulness in the face of almost certain death—for pedestrians—is one of the sights of Market Street. Ford drivers are cheerful in the face of almost certain death for everybody. They dash madly down narrow streets that cross at right angles innumerable other narrow streets along which fellow Ford drivers narrow streets along which fellow Ford drivers are clipping at a similar pace. Their only precaution is to blow the horn incessantly, but as all are doing the same thing, nobody hears any-body's horn but his own. It is a royal game, reducing chess, even polo, to ignominious child's play for those not sportingly inclined.

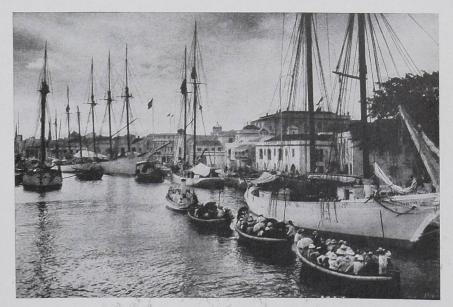
DISPOSING OF ONE'S WINNINGS

What is won on the races at Havana may be put into the lottery; that is, if one has any scruples about keeping the money. Putting it into the lottery is the quickest way to get rid of it. To stand anywhere about the Parque Central is to be borne down upon by innumer-

able Cubans vociferously hawking what appear to be Gargantuan postage stamps. After selecting all those bearing numbers that happen to please,— at the rate of twenty cents each,—all that recents each,—all that remains to be done is to rise early on the day of the drawing and buy a copy of La Lucha, which will contain a list of the winning numbers; a glance at the page will salve the conscience effectually. The order may be reversed; two dollars won in the lottery may be erased by losing ten or so on the horses. For those who are really determined to be rid of money, Havana is the place. Even half-hearted efforts meet there with distinguished success.

The hotels, especially, have a way of assisting in this dissipation of funds, a sort of prestidigitator met the od;—now-you-see-them-and-now-you don't one and sort sort of prestidigitator and sort of prestidigitator met the od;—now-you-see-them-and-now-you don't one and sort sort sort of prestidigitator met ho d;—now-you-see-them-and-now-you-see-them-andmains to be done is to

see-them - and - now - you don't; one never knows just where the funds



In the harbour of Havana, Cuban longshoremen, droning lazy Cuban songs, load endless vessels with sweet-smelling pineapples, futurist moons of grapefruit, and unimpressionable coco-nuts

AMERICAN MOTORISTS

ARE TO THE FORE WITH

SCHEMES FOR THE FUTURE

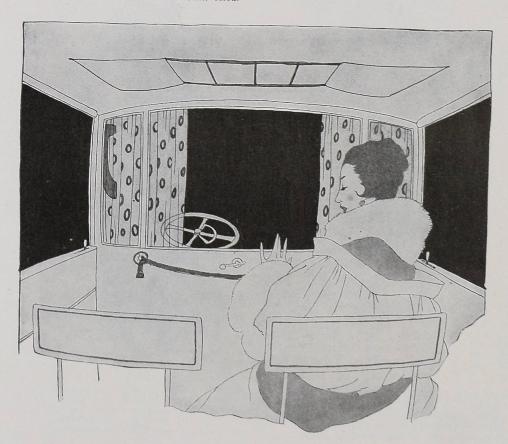
DECORATION OF THEIR CARS

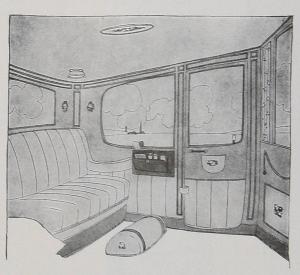




A remarkable interior, even in these days of decorative motor interiors, is this one in two shades of mauve; one of the newest comforts is a pneumatic pillow, covered in mauve whipcord and outlined with blue broadcloth-covered cord, which is suspended at the back of the back seat. The foot-rail is covered with a rug of deep mauve like the carpet. The rosewood vanity box is large and conveniently placed

Next to the side lamp is the receiver of a telephone which enables one to have the ear of one's chauffeur just long enough and no longer; for the pressing of a button connects or disconnects the telephone; the transmitter is concealed. The footstools are upholstered in whatever colour whipcord is used for the car (grey is very popular); they have appliqué designs in a darker shade of the same colour





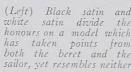
(Above) Comfortable novelties in this motor are a foot-rest of a new shape, a built-in vanity-case, and appliqué ornaments, which conceal, one, the telephone transmitter, and the other (on a flap), the handle which raises the window in the door; the upholstery is blue broadcloth with darker blue mouldings

(Left) The curtained front windows of this car are concave, thus bringing the chauffeur's seat back into the car, and the middle window may be dropped by means of a turning handle; in these days of owner-driven cars, this is an excellent arrangement; there is an efficient ceiling parcel-holder

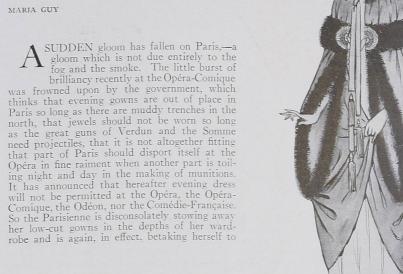
PUTS AWAY FINE FEATHERS PARISIENNE THE



So Long As Her Soldiers Remain in the Trenches, Paris Will Exchange Her Fine Raiment for American Gold-Not Till Their Return, Will She Wear It Herself



MARJA GUY



(Right) Everything is em-

the hats, and even the hats show predilection for satin; here the satin is black and the embroidery is silver

MARIA GUY

socks and soldiers—not a bad idea, either. After all, why not mobilize the unemployed women? Why not demand that some of the attention hitherto lavished on frocks and frills be devoted to the government? Why not close the tea-rooms, and open training-schools where women may be fitted for active service of some sort? Paris already asks these questions. Now that electricity may not be employed in the shops and magazines after six o'clock at night, one buys chocolates and hose by candlelight. It is droll. The big shops burn lamps of petrol which dimly illumine the vast rooms and barely serve to light belated shoppers about. The smaller shops are lighted with candles, and the boulevards, as a result, resemble a succession of shrines. Instead of buying new cushions or other frivolities for the house, the little Parisienne spends her hoarded money for a lamp,



Last year the cockade grew on hats; this year it has spread to coats. As for tassels, they are everywhere, even on this evening wrap of rose panne velvet and skunk



Though it has already outlasted a number of seasons, jersey cloth has not yet a rival. Embroidery in black, gold, red, and green appears at intervals, and a red collar prepares one for the red leather belt

Some of the newest Paris head-gear is positively monumental, so towering are the crowns and so imperceptible the brims—if brim it is, that mere glimpse of violet satin which appears below these ascending puffs of violet and beige plumes



4

LANVIN



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and coal is being surreptitiously transferred from the cellar to the jewel case. We are now quite accustomed to seeing Lloyd George about the streets of Paris and are even growing familiar with the features of Mr. Asquith and other visitors from across the Channel. "War" visitors have quite taken the place of the old society groups in the hotels, just as war news has replaced society items in the French journals. Will Paris ever be the same again? in the French journals. be the same again?

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Photograph by H. C. El

In the new quarters of the Maison Callot is this small oval room with grey walls decoratively treated with green lattice. The garden idea is further developed by veiling the window with tulle on which are gay flowers and birds done in appliqué

THREE MODELS BY CALLOT



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a sports frock of striped yellow and white tussore, combined with plain cream-coloured tussore, and closely girdled with blue-green leather. The cream-coloured blouse, with its striped sailor collar, droops a bit over the girdle, and the sleeves are very short, extending only to the middle of the upper arm. The belt is placed rather ostentatiously at the point which, on account of the many eccentric waistlines, has come to be known as normal. The frock is sketched at the upper left on this page.

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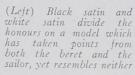
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MARIA GUY

LANVIN

A SUDDEN gloom has fallen on Paris,—a gloom which is not due entirely to the fog and the smoke. The little burst of brilliancy recently at the Opéra-Comique was frowned upon by the government, which thinks that evening gowns are out of place in Paris so long as there are muddy trenches in the north, that jewels should not be worn so long as the great guns of Verdun and the Somme need projectiles, that it is not altogether fitting that part of Paris should disport itself at the Opéra in fine raiment when another part is toiling night and day in the making of munitions. It has announced that hereafter evening dress will not be permitted at the Opéra, the Opéra-Comique, the Odéon, nor the Comédie-Française. So the Parisienne is disconsolately stowing away her low-cut gowns in the depths of her ward-robe and is again, in effect, betaking herself to

socks and soldiers—not a bad idea, either. After all, why not mobilize the unemployed women? Why not demand that some of the attention hitherto lavished on frocks and frills be devoted to the government? Why not close the tea-rooms, and open training-schools where women may be fitted for active service of some sort? Paris already asks these questions.

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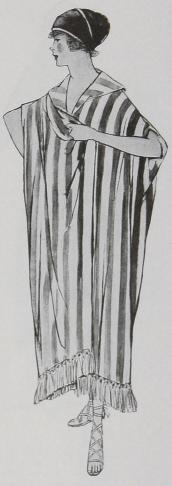
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It is black silk jersey, with a cravat of violet silk; it is very becoming to the slender, and very chemise

Rubberized mastic cloth is comfortable for a "manteau de sport"; the Parisian de-mands striped trimmings also

White velvet and violet liberty satin have a sort of proud modesty. Wide cuffs accent the clinging sleeve

Frontière," M. Worth has made a trio of remarkable gowns, long-skirted and graceful of line. One of silver tissue, silver-tasselled and girdled with silver ribbon, has very wide straight sleeves of white chiffon over close-fitting sleeves of chiffon and silver lace. In the second act Mme. Bady wears a graceful gown of white satin, simply belted, and half veiled with a scarf of brown mousseline embroidered with silver-white silk; and in the last act she broidered with silver-white silk; and in the last act she appears in a wonderful mourning gown, picturesque and sombre, with a sweeping scarf of black mousseline. A veritable Duse frock, this, and it is worn with all the Bady charm. "La Frontière" promises to be a great success.

WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE

In the Bois we see cloaks of satin, of black, grey, or tête de nêgre—trimmed with otter, opossum, skunk, bear, or silver rabbit. These cloaks are usually belted rather narrowly, the greatest fullness being arranged across the hips, while the back and front remain rather flat. Cloaks of grey or emerald green velours de laine are very smart, trimmed with very deep bands

The war has brought grey and violet to Paris; here the grey appears in crêpe de Chine, widely box-pleated



of otter. One cloak is made entirely of otter with the wide effect at the hips and a very long line at the shoulder. It is belted for a few inches across the middle of the back with a narrow band of grey suede. This belt passes underneath the fur on either hip to emerge again in front, where it buckles in simple fashion. Oddly enough, the collar of this coat is neither very high nor very wide. very high nor very wide, and a simple cravat of grey suède is buckled across the front, under the chin.

FOR PARIS-GREEN

Much green is worn just now in Paris; the shades vary from vivid emerald to dark hunter's green. Children are wearing little cloaks of green velours de laine, trimmed and collared with red fox. One little cloak of otter is finished at neck and wrists with bands of opossum, and there is also a mere speck of a muft. The French custom, and a pretty one it is,—of dressing sisters alike, was exemplified recently on the Avenue du Bois, where I saw two little tots in short flaring cloaks of very light grey cheviot, bordered all about with a two-inch band of otter. Russian turbans of otter almost

Aliberty satin skirt is green-rayed and covered with mousseline de soie; the satin casque is embroidered



concealed their dark curls, and their otter muffs were of the new very small variety. Long white stockings and small black shoes completed the two striking little costumes.

little costumes.

As to hats, some of the newest Paris headgear is positively monumental, so tall are the crowns and so narrow the brims, if, indeed, there is a brim of any sort. But the towering crowns should be shunned alike by the very short and the very tall. Only she who is blessed with medium height should attempt to wear the tall-crowned hat.

TUSSORE TRAVELS SOUTH

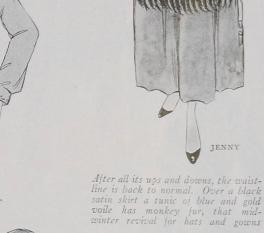
For the south, the couturiers are making frocks and cloaks of tussore in stripes and picturesque splashes of colour; the striped or figured fabric is often combined with a plain colour. Callot uses stripes, and Premet places a coat of plain cerise tussore over a skirt of cream tussore splashed with an odd design in colour. The coat is laced together under the arms with tasselled cords of violet silk, and large violet silk tassels fall from pointed folds on the skirt. For the south, the coupointed folds on the skirt. Another new Premet model

The Parisienne is al-ways true to black; hence this frock of black satin and black embroidered crêpe de Chine

is made of a new Rodier fabric,—a sort of satin alpaca, called "Satalga,"—in beige, delicately embroidered on the collar and belt with red silk thread.

Premet is still devoted to the chemise frock, Premet is still devoted to the chemise frock, and the latest models are very striking. One is of black liberty satin with a drooping flounce about the hips and a narrow loosely knotted girdle, and another is of grey serge on very similar lines, with a flounce at the hips embroidered in Japanese fashion with grey silk thread. Grège serge is used by Premet for another chemise frock with tasselled pointed folds and narrow knotted girdle.







Lanvin has just launched a smart little chemise frock of cream-coloured jersey, loosely girdled with the same material. The collar, cuffs, and flounce are of black and white checked cheviot, and the absurd little beret is of white felt with a black and white silk pompon in front. For sports frocks, Mme. Lanvin uses much jersey, combined with other wools. Beach cloaks of jersey in striped or plain colours are very smart. They are vague in shape and are trimmed with tassels of woollen yarn. tassels of woollen yarn.

TENNY

THE SWINGING TASSEL

The tassel, by the way, is just now enjoying a tremendous vogue. Mme. Lanvin last season placed huge woollen tassels on a frock of aubergine velours de laine. Since then, one has encountered the tassel in all sorts of unexpected places. Callot frankly tassels and fringes the beach peignoir which is sketched on page 15, and places a slender tasselled cravat of grey woollen yarn about the neck of a charming little grey frock. The big tassels swing just below the shallow V-shaped opening at the throat. Tasselled The tassel, by the way,

Black velvet, black tulle, and jet—think of that, and then they go and make a law against evening gowns







MODELS FROM MAISON LEWIS, FORERUNNERS OF THE TIME WHEN WOMEN'S FANCY DELIGHTEDLY TURNS TO THE THOUGHT OF NEW SPRING HATS

A crown closely swathed by pink crêpe de Chine, fixed by a lovely piece of multi-coloured embroidery, presides over an upturned brim of corbeau blue straw. The designer in a ruffled moment pinched it hard in front, and then discovered he had created a work of art, and given the muchenvied and much-striven-after touch of chic to a new Spring model

Though keeping in close touch with sparkling eyes, the black hat on the lower left has soaring ambitions in the way of aigrettes, which stop short only of car doors and chandeliers. The transparent high-reaching halo is of black embroidered net, and the foundation of this airy erection is of black panne; the smart satin ornament in the centre front, surrounded by straw, has a cut jet cabochon, so placed as to give much chic to the whole hat

The high Russian peaked effect, so becoming to women with broad brows, bids fair to have its successful career prolonged well into the Spring. Here is a new version of it; the little brim curves softly round the face and hair and has a cerise lining. The tall crown, its usual fur trimmings and golden embroidery completely banished, towers immaculately in snowy white suede; a small white bow with cerise embroidered ends crosses the front of the hat





It is as frankly upturned as the head-dress of a mandarin, but saved from the banality of imitation by its new and dipping line across the front, also its overflow of foamy white on the blue straw brim. Imitation, indeed! It is a charming piece of originality inspired by a familiar idea

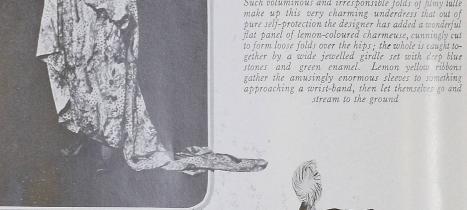


ELSPETH PHELPS, WITH THE AID RICH FUR AND BROCADE, OF GOWNS THESE FOR DESIGNED MLLE. REGINE FLORY AND MISS EVA BALFOUR, AND THE EVENING CLOAK FOR MISS IVY SHILLING

FOR THREE STAGE FAVOURITES IN THREE POPULAR PLAYS, THIS DESIGNER CREATES GOWNS, ALL OF WHICH WOULD BE EQUALLY DESIRABLE ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE FOOTLIGHTS

Such voluminous and irresponsible folds of filmy tulle

When the mind of an original and imaginative designer says "go," one never knows just when it will stop. Certainly not before he is satisfied that he has achieved much distinction and grace of line. Shimming folds of green chiffon over grey comprise, for the most part, this delightful house gown, while the dainty coatee is of green and silver brocade, edged with a silver galon. One feels that the designer has had as much fun in creating it as the owner derives from wearing it





None but an original None but an originat mind secure in the know-ledge of its own ability could in these days of minute corsages and wide short skirts have so sucshort skirts have so successfully created this original almost medieval gown. Its sumptuous folds are of red purple and silver brocade, and make a glorious shimmer of light and colour as they sway with the movements of the wearer wide silver lace enfolds the shoulders, and is caught in front by a deep blue ornament

NEW YORK DANCES for the ALLIES and DRESSES for the AUTOMOBILE

T would seem that everything that could be said, done, sold, or danced this season in the interest of charity had been danced, sold, done and said. Every one, from the dauntless Madame Bernhardt to the most demure of the new débutantes (for there still are demure débutantes—a few), has contributed her share toward making the larger entertainments a success. Everybody who could paint, sew, stencil, carve, or, above all, knit anything to be sold at the numberless bazaars or at the little shops maintained by society women for charity, has seen her duty and done it, and everybody who couldn't do any of these things has bought the things which other people did. As for dancing, the smart woman has danced her silver slippers to shreds in the interest of the war sufferers. She has still are demure débutantes-a of the war sufferers. She has danced as a beauty of the harem, as a daughter of Russia or Japan or some other of the allied nations; she has danced

as an advertisement of Fairy Soap or of Dutch Cleanser, and above all she has danced as her own fair self at a countless number of charity dances, of thés dansants, and similar festivals, whereof the moving spirit was not amusement but was relief.

not amusement but war relief.

THE TEN ALLIES BALL

First place among the large dances which have thus far lent their aid to charity this season must be given to the Ten Allies Costume Ball, held in Madison Square Garden on the evening of November twenty-eighth. From a spectacular standpoint, this was a most impressive affair, and it may be regarded somewhat in

Garden, which a few days afterwards was sold at auction. While the majority of the dancers were in fancy dress, not a few of the occupants of the boxes came in conventional expensions. in conventional evening clothes, from theatre, opera, or dinner; this added to the interest by affording opportunity for the comparison of our modern clothes with those of past ages and distant countries. The profuse use of gold and silver tissue, metal laces, and coloured embroid-ery seemed an element comery seemed an element com-mon to many periods in dress. The colours, too, were in a measure analogous. Exquis-ite white costumes were much in favour both with those in costume and with the on-



costume and with the on-lookers in present-day modes.
That peculiar shade of oriental blue which has been so much worn this winter was also much in evidence; whether by accident or by design, this was the shade chosen for the tunics of the white-turbaned musicians, who sat directly under a huge orange lantern in the middle of the floor. While the typical Russian head-dress did not appear in the pageant representing that nation, as the simpler peasant costume was chosen by

appear in the pageant representing that nation, as the simpler peasant costume was chosen by Nazimova and by the rings of laughing dancing girls that followed her about the auditorium, it appeared to a noticeable extent in the costumes of individual dancers. One could not fail to be impressed, when looking at these head-dresses, with the exactness with which the Russian turbans now adopted for day wear follow the lines of the historic Russian head-dress. They, even more than the ornaments for evening coiffures, show the Russian influence in styles.

THIS IS A PEARL YEAR

Another point of similarity was in the extensive use of pearls. In the Russian and Hindu pageants, the profuse use of pearls contributed

It Is Far More Blessed to Give Than to Receive, for the Smart Charities of the Day Bring One in Touch with All the New Fashions





That notable charity, the Advertisement Ball, was a notable study in smart coiffures. Miss Carol Harriman wore that pearl-hung affair at the left; Mrs. Newbold Morris introduced the Spanish fan of black tulle next it; and the Russian head-dress was part of the costume of Mrs. Oliver Iselin. The upside down puffs topped the head of a pretty débutante



much to the beautiful effect, and in the costumes of the women in the boxes they played an equally important, if less conspicuous part. Every woman important, if less conspicuous part. Every woman who possesses a string of pearls seems this season to have brought it forth from her jewel box, and if she has two or three or half a dozen, she wears them one at a time or all together as the fancy seizes her. The string of pearls which winds round and round the neck is very smart, but so also is the single strand of perfectly matched jewels. Indeed, if a woman has a really beautiful throat, the latter is often more effective. Mrs. James Brown Potter wore recently at Sherry's a gown of white satin with bodice of Sherry's a gown of white satin with bodice of white sequins. The décolletage was low and very simply arranged, and about her throat she wore a single strand of exquisite pearls. The effect was very beautiful.

Striking use of pearls was made in the costume worn by Miss Carol Harriman, who appeared as "Tecla Pearls" at the Advertisement Ball, which was held at the Ritz-Carlton in December, for the benefit of the Lenox Hill Settlement. Her gown was of sheer white chiffon over white satin, and it was profusely trimmed with pearls; long strands of pearls fell from the shoulders and from the sleeves, so that they clicked against each other with a pleasing little oriental sound as she moved. Her head-dress, which is pictured at the left in the sketch at the top of this page, was so fashioned that the bars of the coronet formed the name Tecla, and under her chin dropped strand after strand of graduated pearls.

HEAD-DRESSES AND COIFFURES

Another very interesting costume at the Advertisement Ball was worn by Mrs. Oliver Iselin who came as "Varga Diamonds." Her Russian head-dress, which sparkled with diamonds surrounded by rows of pearls at the edge, had a bit of black in the front to suggest the black ownx which is so often associated with the white stones; the same idea was carried out in her gown. Mrs. Newbold Morris, who was not in fancy dress, had a coiffure which was quite as interesting as that of any of the dancers in costume and which is pictured next the left at the top of this page. It was distinctly Spanish and suggested many attractive possibilities in similar coiffures. The hair was arranged in a soft knot directly at the top of the head; thrust into the coil behind this knot was a iewelled Spanish comb, and from between the comb and the hair there rose to a considerable height an airy fan of black tulle.

An attractive coiffure contributes inestimably to the general effect of a costume. A young girl who wore the simplest of gowns a few weeks ago at one of the supper dances in the Della

Robbia Room of the Vander-bilt, had her hair arranged in Robbia Room of the vanderbilt, had her hair arranged in the charming and original manner pictured at the right of the sketch at the top of this page. Her hair, which was of that lovely shade which is neither brown nor gold, was lightly parted at the right side and drawn down low over the forehead waving softly about the ears and about the nape of the neck. It was then tucked under, and in lieu of knot or puff of any kind there appeared on the crown of her head a cluster of little curls. Not as other curls were these, however, for whereas other curls turn down, these curls turned up, so that the little soft ends bobbed gently above her head.

For these supper dances, which have been inaugurated this season at the Vanderbilt, a new dancing floor has been laid in the Della Robbia Room. The dances are under the direction of Miss Louise Prussing, as are also the tea dances held in the afternoon in the Far East Gardens. The Gardens have been roofed over in characteristic Japanese fashion and enclosed. Lights softened by fantastic Japanese shades are half hidden by the trailing vines of the roof and little birds in Japanese cages hanging from walls and ceiling chirp during the intermissions of the orchestra.

SOCIETY'S BUSIEST HOUR

Tea time is one of the busiest times of the entire day with the woman of fashion. At this hour, when the rest of the world begins to consider a cessation of the day' activities, she enters upon what is now probably the most serious work of her day. For at these teas originate the many and various plans for relief work, the efficacy of which no one can deny. It is astonishing how much practical information on subjects relating to hospital work, comfort kits, and the like, the woman of to-day has stowed away in her head. She can tell to an inch the average size of the soldiers of warring nations, for she has made or purchased innumerable garments for them. She knows just what sort of things the governments allow one to send to the hospitals things the governments allow one to send to the hospitals and to the front. She knows the complicated régime which must be gone through for the shipping of tobacco of any kind, and she can even tell why so much difficulty at-tends the shipping of tobacco

CETE S



Smart teas this season prove the cape a very fash-ionable garment

tends the shipping of tender into France.

To these teas, the New York woman wears simple but exceedingly good-looking street clothes, and many times she takes her knitting with her. Everybody knits nowadays. There is no age nor, so to speak, youth limit for the knitter. The débutonte knits, the dowager knits,

limit for the knitter. The débu-tante knits, the dowager knits, and even the little girls at the smart schools have acquired the accomplishment, at the imminent risk of becoming cross-eyed for life, for the needles of the ama-teur have a most disconcerting habit of shooting off at angles habit of shooting off at angles, and the novice feels it incumbent upon her to keep them both under her eyes. Having learned to knit, the schoolgirl does not— (Continued on page 66)

hearing rumours of the return of the peg-top silhouette; recently we met it in visible form at the Ritz

THE TEN ALLIES COSTUME BALL





Photographs on these two pages (?) Pach Bros.

(Above) Old Madison Square Garden was transformed into the multi-coloured market-place of an old Moorish town for the accommodation of the Trn Allies Costume Ball given for the benefit of the Entente Allies. A pageant of the allied nations was presented, in which Lady Colebrook, as Britannia, led the group entitled "Modern England." The cold brightness of blue and silver made her appear indeed an "invincible ally." Since her arrival in America last spring Lady Colebrook has been an enthusiastic helper on many war relief committees

(Left) France necessarily played a very sympathetic part in this pageant of sister nations, and what could have been more interesting than to have the group representing that country led by Madame Yvette Guilbert? Another picturesque figure was the person of Mr. Maurice Roche, who was also an exponent of France and wore a very quaint costume of the 1830 period. Mr. Roche is one of the younger set who unfailingly adds interest to every large affair by lending his aid and enthusiasm

(Right) All the flamboyance and grandeur attributed to the east was incorporated in the gorgeous person of Mr. John Mosfat. The coat of his costume was a glory of brocaded brown, yellow, and red satin, and brocaded satin, too, were his resplendent trousers. A black "sari" embroidered with dots of gold was twisted around his waist, and through its folds was thrust a mighty scimitar. Mr. Mosfat as chairman of the executive committee managed the ball and is responsible for its splendid success



(Above) The personification of the mystery and power of Russia was Lady Duff Gordon. Her gown was of jewelled silver cloth, over which she wore a black velvet coat banded with fur and heavy with silver. There was a flash of bright green about her and great pearls were looped under her chin and braided into her hair; other pearls and many diamonds nade her a crown. From the curled-up toes of her green satin boots to the top of her gorgeous head-dress, Lady Duff Gordon bespoke brilliant and haughty power, the essence of the Russian spirit



are the SMARTEST MOTOR HATS STREET HATS

(Below) To motor wisely and also well, and to appear thoroughly poised withal, is attempted and undoubtedly achieved by this hat



HERE are many women who are HERE are many women who are extremely smart and irreproachable in street costume, yet who feel that the moment they enter an open motor, it is their sacred duty to don a motor hat and swathe themselves in endless motor veils. To complete the rite, they usually choose an unbecoming hat,—for motor hats usually stop just short of being bonnets,—and cover it with a sad-hued veil.

CONCERNING VEILS AND THEIR USE

However, there is really no earthly reason why one should commit these crimes in the name of motoring. The problem of becoming headgear for the motor is very easily solved if one goes about it in the right way. In the first place, a motor hat is not necessarily a motor bonnet,—the latter went out of date when motoring was still young and unversed in niceties. A smart hat, either of the turban or the sailor personical and veil, that If one is severy bit as practical and very strong the sailor personical and it is a long drive then a long veil of a sound the sailor personical and were the subject to possible form. The personical strong the problem of the supported by 1 brim meet, there is maidens in class, very incarnation as "America," M Smartness and

maidens in class.
very incarnation
As "America," M Smartness and
clothed in tridesen too are emwore a gold head tor hat which
a design like that its ease as a
of Lib hat





(Below) By dint of sheer cleverness and a few pins a veil can be made to do this. Goggles may be worn with this and the other veils



a narrow band of grosgrain ribbon which ties in a flat tailored bow at the front. Over this hat is thrown one of the new French veils which is brown with a large open mesh. The charm of this veil lies in the fact that it is embroidered with fine white or beige chenille. Some veils of this sort are embroidered with tinsel thread, but this may be merely a passing whim.

whim.

In the lower middle of the page is one of the new military turbans, higher at the front than at the back. With this a net veil of grey or beige is worn, and by clever arrangement is both a protection from dust and highly becoming.

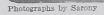
For spring wear the shape on the upper left is excellent; it is a combination of royal purple grosgrain ribbon and a band of finely woven straw of the same colour. Placed very high at the front to give that military touch which so many of the spring hats show, is a cockade of purple feathers. This particularly comfortable hat is worn with a black open-meshed face veil, dotted with chenille.

GOGGLES AND THE VEIL

Another eminently comfortable and altogether smart hat for motoring is the small close-fitting straw toque on the upper right. This hat is of black straw with a slightly turned-up brim and is trimmed with grosgrain ribbon. With it is worn a beige chiffon veil tucked under the chin and tied in a firm knot at the top of the hat. In the back the ends of the veil are drawn together and held in place by invisible hairpins or pins. Goggles may be worn with any of these veils very comfortably without detracting from the general attractiveness of the arrangement.

(Left) Of course none of us ever saw Scheheresade, but we know that even that lady could not have arranged a veil more becomingly





(Above) A fur coat may be worth a fortune but if it be not becoming nor expressive of one's fibre (if you please) it is a bore. Here we have as piquant a wrap as could be desired, for even Hudson seal and ermine take on a saucy mien when bobbed off just below the hips and set in rippling folds. Kolinsky makes the melon muff. Neither would the costume be complete without the black hat faced with flesh-coloured satin

(Upper right) An afternoon wrap of fur is not necessarily of the ponderous sort that eclipses one from the public eye, but may be a more amusing affair, rather like an overgrown scarf and all a-dangle with tails. Very smart too is the high-crowned black satin hat lined with flesh coloured satin and made interesting by a ruffled halo of tulle and a glinting metal ornament or two

(Lower right) The evening wrap of fur should be a sumptuous all-enveloping garment. This one, in which the dusky brown of Hudson Bay sable and the white of ermine meet, is the quintessence of fur evening wraps. The ermine hangs in straight folds from a fitted yoke to which it is gathered and the wrap is glorified within by white chiffon brocaded with gold and veiled with white chiffon

NOWADAYS WE HAVE FURS FOR EVERY HOUR AND DIS-

CRIMINATE NICELY AS TO WHICH KIND FOR WHICH HOUR







Photographs by H. N. King

Some of the loveliest houses in England are designed by Mrs. Fletcher Robinson, daughter of the late Phil R. Morris, A.R.A. Below is the bedroom in the house of Mrs. Alexander Keiller, Hyde Park Gardens. This room is carpeted in putty colour, and the great bed is green and gold. On the white and gold dressing-table are two gold candlesticks with shades of putty colour, and the wall lights are lanterns of quaint form

IN A HOUSE IN HYDE PARK GARDENS

IS SEEN EXQUISITE AND RARE COLOUR

ALLIED TO ORIGINALITY OF FORM

(Above) The boudoir in the home of Mrs. Keiller is carpeted in the same tone as the bedroom and is furnished in white and gold lacquer upholstered in old blue. Hangings in a charming Directoire pattern of blue and corn colour are at the windows, and the same silk upholsters two gold chairs; blue and gold, too, is a divan heaped with lacy pillows. A quaint touch is a framed piece of Victorian "ladies" work" in tones of soft blue



YEAR

THE

DISCRIMINATING TASTE & MODERA-

TION ARE OUTSTANDING FEATURES OF

AN IMPORTANT LONDON TROUSSEAU

Mediaval in character and in its rich simplicity of line is this long gown of soft yellow brocade. Its clinging lines are admirably suited to a tall figure, and the wide wings of yellow chiffon make the softest and most becoming coverings to bare arms. The roll collar is of chinchilla, and drawn to a point in front by an ornament of blue, green, and yellow jewels. This and the other négligées shown on this page were made for Lady Curzon's trousseau



This is not a walking suit but a soft and ingenious evening wrap of grey panne velvet and chinchilla; the under part has no sleeves, and the over garment, which is nothing but a voluminous scarf, is fur bordered and lined with deep blue silk. The scarf is so arranged that it may be drawn close to the throat, or left loosely framing the shoulders and showing the note of coloured lining inside



Something of the shifting colours of the sea have been caught in the delectable blue-green hue of this little dinner frock. The silken folds are brocaded with gold, and its simple lines are caught in at the waits with a close band; the little collar, bored with the narrowness of its existence, has passed its allotted space, and falling headlong down the skirt, finishes in a shimmer of golden tassels. Brown musquash makes a cosy setting for dimpled elbows

1911



This dainty liseuse of white tulle is the most ethereal of little garments; it is bordered by the fine intricacies of an unbiased frill of Malines lace, and though its attitude towards the world might appear to be light, its real worth is considerable, and is only known to its happy possessor. Emerging from under its delicate folds is a pale rose satin petticoat, foaming into flounces of the softest white tulle

GOWNS FULL OF CHARM AND TASTE





THREE EVENING GOWNS FROM ELISE PORET SHOW THAT

ONE CAN BE DIGNIFIED WITHOUT BEING HAUGHTY

(Above, middle) On the principle that it isn't gambling unless you lose, this tea-govon gambles on the chance that it can wear a coat in the house—and wins; to the dignity of that success is added the dignity of being a period revival; the panniers that emerge every now and then in memory of Watteau are here present, in rose taffeta, accompanied by Allençon lace ruffles

(Above, left) A formal frock for a formal occasion need not be the less expressive; the first glimpse of coral chiffon makes that clear without a word; the ensuing silent though convincing remarks on dignity are made by the embroidered coral roses, and the pearls, and the coral liberty satin which is a background to the chiffon

(Above, right) An evening gown of turquoise satin fell a victim to the embroidery habit; in consequence, the pleated gold net at the front of the skirt is embroidered; the tunic is wreathed, down to its dignified train, with roses embroidered in gold thread; and at the bodice is a cluster of gold-embroidered mauve and green flowers



SOCIETY WOMEN WHO, DIRECTLY OR IN-DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE WAR, ARE VERY DEVOTED WORKERS FOR THE CAUSE

Lady Rothermere, who is the sister-in-law of Lord Northeliffe, is about to start for France for three months to visit military hospitals as a delegate from the French Wounded Emergency Fund. Lady Rothermere has three sons, the eldest of whom is a lieutenant in the Irish Guards

Two Photographs by Malcolm Arbuthnot



Baroness de Forest was before her marriage in 1904 the Hon. Ethel Gerard, the only daughter of Baron Gerard. She has taken a keen interest in the projects afoot to help those actually engaged in the war, and took part in a matinée at the Al-hambra some time ago in aid of the joint funds of the Red Cross

The Hon. Joan Dickson-Poynder, the pretty daughter of Lord and Lady Islington (to which barony there is at present no heir) has gone to nurse at Rouen. She has had a good deal of experience at her mother's hospital at & Chesterfield Gardens





Two Photographs by Miss Compton Collier

Mrs. Edward Clifton, whose husband is in the Cold-stream Guards, is the daughter of Mr. James Nicolson, of Hampstead. She was married early in November, and was one of the season's prettiest war-brides





Two Camera portraits by E. O. Hoppé

Miss Violet Loraine continues her success at the Alhambra. It is said the next revue there will be "The Bing Girls," and she will remain to take the lead again. Her tastes are wide and varied, and she has an affection for this Russian instrument, the Balalaika, which she is playing in her music-room built at the bottom of the garden of her delightfu home near Regent's Park

Miss Clara Butterworth is in private life the wife of Mr. Montague Phillips, the well-known composer. Her voice is charming, and she has sung at numerous concerts and at the Albert Hall. She has lately taken up light opera, and is now playing the principal part in "Young England" at Daly's. This is her second venture; the first was "The Country Girl," of which she made a great success

With the very spirit of Oriental pageantry caught in the embroideries of her cloak, Elsie Scott looks like part of a lovely Chinese painting, and who would blame her for half-turning her back on London fogs and making for willow-pattern land, where swallows never cease to "fly high." She is at present playing one of the Society ladies in "Houp-La." She wears some very pretty clothes, and moves about the stage in a charming manner

NOT TO BE MISTAKEN FOR EXOTIC BLOOMS THESE
THREE_FLOWERS, INDIGENOUS TO BRITISH SOIL, ARE
TO REEL SEEN [ACROSS THE FOOTLIGHTS IN SOME
OF THE LATEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE PRODUCTIONS





CHINA SENDS US DAINTY MESSAGES THROUGH THORNTON SMITH IN THE GUISE OF BEAUTIFUL YET USEFUL DECORATION



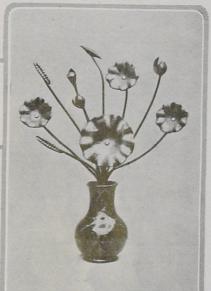
RED LACQUER PROVES IT-SELF USEFUL AS WELL AS ORNAMENTAL, AND TAKES THE UNUSUAL FORM OF A DRESSING-TABLE SET



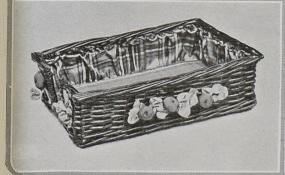
A Chinese porcelain vase of a very A Chinese porcelain vase of a very pure silhouette with a rather cloisonné design of flowers and leaves makes the body of this electric lamp. It is crowned with a pagoda shade of stretched silk patterned with a replica of the design on the vase. A thick silk fringe runs round the edge, and each corner boasts a tassel of its own



A dressing-table set of red lacquer is an unusual,



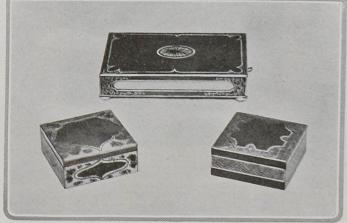
The golden finger of Midas is to be seen in so many pies this season—decorative, fashionable, and otherwise—that one is not surprised to find formal bunches of golden flowers stealing a march on the winter absence of their sisters. There is something extremely entertaining and amusing in the blank stare of their golden faces



Adressing-table set of red lacquer is an unusual, beautiful, and practical possession. This particular one comprises brushes and dishes and mirror and variously shaped toilet boxes. They all look very lovely lying out on a black lacquer table, shimmering with a golden design. Easily cleaned and polished, they are particularly suited for London use. The two electriclight holders are of clear crystal, with little striped silk shades finished with a border of different coloured silk fruits crushed closely together all round the edge



Solutions are often inevitable and seldom Solutions are often inevitable and seldom very pleasant, but this most attractive little letter basket is a godsend and solution combined to the problem of the unmethodical individual at his or her desk. It makes a good home for letters and papers as well as being a delightful object on which to rest the eye



Dark green Chinese lacquer in perfect condition is not to be met with every day. This rare and beautiful box has lovely lines from whatever angle you view it, and the gold design on its slightly arched lid is richly and delicately chased. The four little feet spreading at the corners are also of gold

Large and slimly proportioned, this green match-box will endure through a multitude of refillings. Its surface has a fine little pattern of chased gold, and like the box above, its small golden feet spread outwards. The small incidental boxes may be used for

sweets, cigarettes, trinkets, powder; in fact, they belong to that delightful category of objects of which one can never have too many and which know how to accommodate themselves to any place and to any situation in which they may find themselves





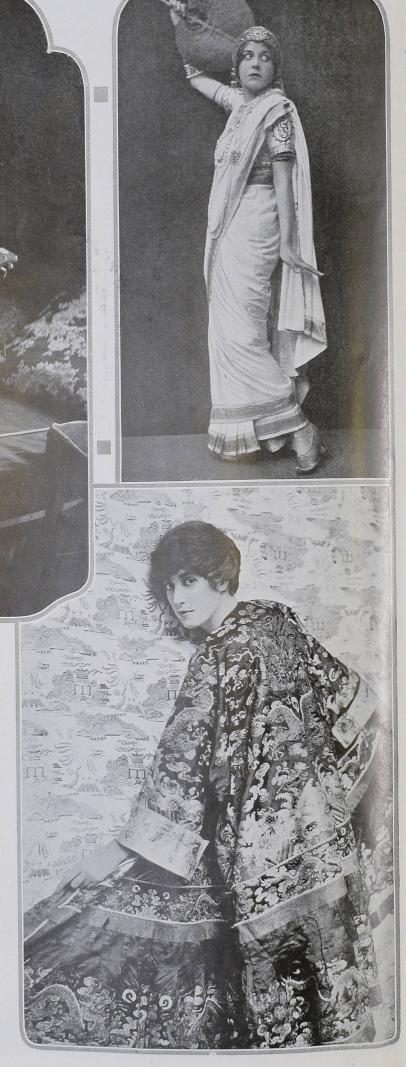
Two Camera portraits by E. O. Hoppé

Miss Violet Loraine continues her success at the Alhambra. It is said the next revue there will be "The Bing Girls," and she will remain to take the lead again. Her tastes are wide and varied, and she has an affection for this Russian instrument, the Balalaika, which she is playing in her music-room built at the bottom of the garden of her delightfu home near Regent's Park

Miss Clara Butterworth is in private life the wife of Mr. Montague Phillips, the well-known composer. Her voice is charming, and she has sung at numerous concerts and at the Albert Hall. She has lately taken up light opera, and is now playing the principal part in "Young England" at Daly's. This is her second venture; the first was "The Country Girl," of which she made a great success

With the very spirit of Oriental pageantry caught in the embroideries of her cloak, Elsie Scott looks like part of a lovely Chinese painting, and who would blame her for half-turning her back on London fogs and making for willow-pattern land, where swallows never cease to "fly high." She is at present playing one of the Society ladies in "Houp-La." She wears some very pretty clothes, and moves about the stage in a charming manner

NOT TO BE MISTAKEN FOR EXOTIC BLOOMS THESE THREE_FLOWERS, INDIGENOUS TO BRITISH SOIL, ARE TO RESERVE SEEN ACROSS THE FOOTLIGHTS IN SOME OF THE LATEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE PRODUCTIONS



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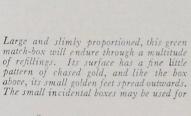
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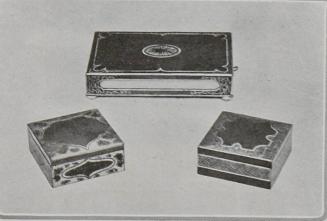


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NEW POET A LAURELS TO ITS PARIS OFFERS

DERIODS of war have never been favourable to art and letters. It is only calm, silence, and serene living which encourage creative work. It would seem, therefore, that writers and artists must indeed have been idle of late in France, where for two years the great occupation of all Frenchmen has been fighting and making cannon. Yet the and making cannon. Yet book-shops of Paris assert, great unanimity, that never before have they sold so many books. The reason for this unprecedented condition is that the present European war is different from all

other wars. Both officers and men of the line are obliged to pass long days in half idleness, and inevitably there arises the question of an occupation for those hours when men have finished their service for the day, yet cannot leave the dug-out in which their troop is stationed. The thunder of artillery and the imminent danger of death artillery and the imminent danger of death are distractions which very soon become monotonous. Bridge soon palls upon men eager for intellectual interests. Smoking is an agreeable accompaniment to reverie, but it cannot furnish a subject of dreams. Thus it is that the "poilus" demand insistently that to those comfort kits which invariably contain tobacco, chocolate, fresh linen, and note-paper, the givers shall add books. It is these soldiers who are the leading consumers, nowadays, of the wares of the French book-shops. book-shops.

GÉRALDY, THE SOLDIERS' AUTHOR

It might seem that among these men who live in the most stirring period for many ages, the demand would be for highly romantic reading. Not at all; what they demand is quite the opposite of romanticism. Their life of strenuous action has given them a scorn of sounding phrases; they demand conciseness, precision. They demand, above all, that art shall be a selection and presentation of great truths, and they prefer those writers who make brevity a virtue and give much of life in few words. Yet at the same time, by the very fact that they are French, their taste is for distinctive style, charm, and musical phrasing. Strange as it may seem, they have found an author who combines exactly these qualities, which, be it said, are rarely found together.

This newly arrived author is Paul Géraldy. Even before the war, the books of this author had attracted the attention of men of letters and dilettanti, but his name had not then become known to the great public. It is remarkable to note to-day the success which this young poet (for Géraldy is only thirty-one), so keen, so sensitive, and so exquisite, has attained in this war-ridden country, among men who lead so rough a life, among women whose hearts are so torn by sorrow. But even in the midst of the rardest labours and under the most bitter suffering, the soul never ceases to listen for the mysterious voices of tenderness and love. Thus is explained the astounding success of "Toi et Moi," a vibrating little book, which sings in flexible vivid verse and in exquisitely simple words the oldest of old romances, which is so revivified by the poet's magic touch that one seems to hear it for the first time.

Many times already the pages cut from "Toi et Moi," have been slipped in letters which were sent from the front to those who guard the hearth at home. Many a time, also, the dreary nights in the hospitals, where the wounded wait the slow return of health, have been lightened by this little book of love, which has been slipped under a soldier's pillow by some fair visitor

When Géraldy Wrote "Toi et Moi," All Paris Hailed Him as a Great Poet of Modern Life; When He Published Anonymously "La Guerre, Madame," Paris Declared the Writer a Great War Author

By PIERRE PRÉSULES

This poem written especially for Vogue

L'AMOUREUX

Enfantine, tu fais bruire d'un rire clair, aérien, l'ombre inquiète où je respire . . . Je n'aime pas t'entendre rire Tu ris trop fort, tu ris trop bien. Dans la maison, lorsque tu sèmes tant de santé, tant de clarté, tu dois te suffire à toi-même. Il faut à ma sécurité que tu sois plaintive, dolente, délicate, et que tu te sentes toute petite . . . J'ai besoin de te savoir faible et fragile. Je t'aime aussitôt beaucoup moins et je suis beaucoup plus tranquille . . . Penche donc un front fatigué sur mon épaule, plains-toi même, souffre, geins, doute si je t'aime, sois triste . . . pour que je sois gai.

to read from this missal of love, while the verses and the tea form a double enjoyment for his hostess, beautiful and thoughtful and almost won, for the charm of this book is great and its influence on the reader is irresistible.

Paul Géraldy.



Because they are men of action, the soldiers demand directness and truth to life; because they are French, they demand charm and distinction of style. They find both in the young poet, Paul Géraldy

"Toi et Moi" is the story of a modern love, in very accurate little tableaux. In it one sees the blue smoke of cigarettes rising lazily; one sees the light falling softly through silk curtains, and one hears the voices of lovers conversing by the said of the conversing by the aid of that friend of modern lovers, the tele-phone. Their image appears as through the lens of a magic lantern; we enter into their most intimate life, and we read their correspondence over their own shoulders. And from every set-ting, through every accessory, we hear singing, sighing, exclaiming, murmuring, or moaning, the immortal invincible voice of Love.

ABAT-JOUR

Tu demandes pourquoi je reste sans rien dire . . . C'est que voici le grand moment,

l'heure des yeux et du sourire, le soir . . et que ce soir je t'aime . . infiniment! Serre-moi contre toi. J'ai besoin de caresses. Si tu savais tout ce qui monte en moi, ce soir, d'ambition, d'orgueil, de désir, de tendresse, et de bonté! . . . Mais non, tu ne peux pas

Baisse un peu l'abat-jour, veux-tu? Nous

serons mieux.

C'est dans l'ombre que les cœurs causent, et l'on voit beaucoup mieux les yeux quand en voit un peu moins les choses quand en voit un peu moins les choses. Ce soir je t'aime trop pour te parler d'amour, Serre-moi contre ta poitrine!
Je voudrais que ce soit mon tour d'être celui que l'on câline . . .
Baisse encore un peu l'abat-jour.
Là. Ne parlons plus. Soyons sages.
Et ne bougeons pas: c'est si bon tes mains tièdes sur mon visage! . . .
Mais ou'est-ce encore? One nous veut-on? Mais qu'est-ce encore? Que nous veut-on?
Ah! c'est le café qu'on apporte
Eh! bien, posez ça là, voyons!
Faites vite! . . . Et fermez la porte! . .
Qu'est-ce que je te disais donc?
Nous prenons ce café . . . maintenant? T Nous prenons ce café . . . maintenant? Tu préfères? C'est vrai: toi, tu l'aimes très chaud.

Veux-tu que je te serve? Attends, laisse-moi Il est fort, aujourd'hui! . . . Du sucre? Un

seul morceau?

C'est assez? . . . Veux-tu que je goûte? . . .

Là! Voici votre tasse, amour . .

Mais qu'il fait sombre! On n'y voit goutte . . .

Lève donc un peu l'abat-jour.

As I have said, there is no great burst of lyric music. The words are those familiar in everyday life. Why should we talk at length? What is the use of crying aloud? All that is no longer the fashion. It is no longer a thing becoming to men who now know the value of time and of life, and who have learned to save both gestures and words. The perfect intonation, the exact word, a voice quivering with tenderness often express more than the most noble phrases.

"LA GUERRE, MADAME"

At the moment when the success of "Toi et Moi" was growing great, there appeared in Paris a little book published anonymously and called "La Guerre, Madame." Even in the midst of the multitude of books about the war, of fiery tales of battle, touching anecdotes, and wonderful diaries of the march, this little book of a bare hundred pages attracted attention at once. In the salons of Paris and in the trenches in Champagne, people repeated the title over and over. They said that this book contained the best pages that had been written on the war. "Ah, what exquisite grace," they said, "in the silhouette of that youth ennobled by action and danger, who, between two puffs of his cigarette, summons so ingenuously the great warrior soul of France."

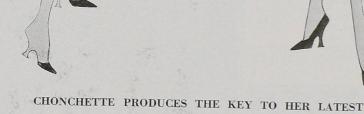
Parisiennes have great curiosity; they wanted at once to know the author of such a book. They are clever, too, and they succeeded in learning it. It was Géraldy.

Despite the weather you are very apt to indulge in a longer walk than usual on these breezy days, and it is when you feel so inclined for exercise that you don a tailored suit; the most suitable garment to wear for the occasion. The one worn by her of the pensive mien is made of blue burella with grey collar and cuffs that savour of the Puritan

It is not merely the height of her new tight collar that causes her to raise her head so much above her shoulders, it is chiefly because she knows full well that a multitude of buttons covers a multitude of sins; though, to be sure, this blouse, as white and as satin soft as an arum lily, is absolutely faultless

Hey presto! The miracle happens; you shed your coat of blue burella, and, lo, and behold, it is the superior part of a frock, and a tunic of blue mousseline a frock, and a tunic of vivie mousseined de soie, ribbed like a serge, is disclosed beneath. Two small roses on either side of the belt complete the transformation, and the wool-embroidered border surveys the world with Russian outlook

One collar of blue panne did not satisfy this blouse; it decided that it required two to keep up appearances, and since it was made of lemon-coloured Georgette crêpe, it had its way, and they thought highly when they added a second, of white ottoman. Touched with ermine, it went to meet its fate went to meet its fate



OPENS

HER

WARDROBE

SECRETS

AND



Sometimes a dainty Vogue lady with a will leaves her home and drifts like a mere snowflake through the air until she alights on a soft bed of a powder-puff, when some clever person finds a way to bind her for ever to its snowy white depths and imprison her in a shining glass bowl



The Early Victorian dame who first set the fashion in bead bags may have realized how beautiful they were, but she certainly did know how eagerly modern replicas of her handiwork would be welcomed by future generations. This bag is of gaily coloured flowers worked on a shimmering amethyst background The Early Victorian dame

When Grandmama was young, dears, so long, long ago, it was always her boast that "she could lay her hands on the blue bag in the dark." Here is a blue bug, 'ris made of taffeta, sprinkled with leafy blue bead sprays, and some of her grand-children must have been only too anxious to bring it to light

A WAR BRIDE, AND THREE WELL-KNOWN WAR WORKERS, WHO EACH SHOWS US IN A DIFFERENT WAY THAT UNTIL THERE IS PEACE AGAIN SHE WILL NOT REST FROM HER EFFORTS



Miss Geraldine Mills, the very pretty daughter of Sir James Mills, K.G.M., was married on January 12th to Lieutenant E. B. L. Curzon, son of Major and Mrs. Penn Curzon. Her father, well known in New Zealand, was one of the representatives who attended the Imperial Navigation Conference in London, 1907



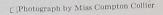


Three Camera portraits by E. O. Hoppé

The Hon. Phyllis Goschen, who is the daughter of Viscount Goschen, has quine surprised her friends by her indefatigable efforts as a war-worker. She became a nurse in the early stages of the war, has been working steadily ever since and is now pausing to take a short rese

War-work has now claimed the services of beautiful Miss de Bittencourt, the daughter of Don Julio de Bittencourt, who is Attaché at the Chilian Legation. At the present time she is busily engaged entertaining wounded officers are her father's house in Queen's Gate. Her sister, Lady Lisburne, took part in Lady Huntingdon's successful matinée in aid of the prisoners of war in Germany, held in the early part of the month.

Mrs. C. Gordon-Bell is the wife of Major Gordon-Bell, who may well be proud of his connexion with the Royal Flying Corps, to which he has belonged for six years. Mrs. Gordon-Bell herself is a very deft needlewoman, and many of her contributions found their way—but only for a short while to the stalls at the Savoy Fair, recently held in aid of the St. Dunstan's Hostel and "After Welfare of the Blind"



THE MATERIAL SIDE of SPRING

SHE was gazing transfixed with a quiet far-away look, which denotes a tremendous activity of the imagination. Passers by, intrigued, stopped to look at the tall woman gued, stopped to look at the tall woman who seemed to have taken root to the pavement. They stared, until catching sight of her objective, they too became transfixed. Such a glow of colour, such wealth of fantastic design was spread before their eyes, that each feminine brain whirled with the excitement of the potential re-arrangement of her entire house and wardrobe. "That purple and wine-coloured satin, printed with lemon and gold, is the ideal material to create a wonderful Eastern négligée—for a cream skin and narrow almond eyes. Cushions covered with a richly patterned shantung against a black background,

The House of Liberty is Synonymous With All That is Fresh And Fair in Fabrics

rials prove to be hand-printed, a very branches of the hand-printing industry interesting fact, in these jostling days left. when nearly every picturesque utensil of handicraft or labour is superseded by materials are transformed from happy machinery. There are, indeed, very few ideas, to tangible realities, are at Merton.

The old fashioned buildings stand close to the site of the famous abbey, where many people well known in history were educated. The firm which has specialized in bringing to perfection the art of printing silken textures with glowing colour was founded as long ago as 1875, and since then it has steadily grown and become a leading influence in the revival of a host of now flourishing home induscome a leading influence in the revival of a host of now flourishing home industries, formerly existing only in a very feeble and languid condition. The original idea, full of enterprise, was to supply people with something they were not conscious of desiring, so that it was necessary to create the demand as well as the supply, and the difficulties of steady progress may be imagined; however, many observant people, such as Whistler, Burne-Jones, and William



Reading from left to right are seen a flowered silk crêpe with delicate Japanese design on a white ground, a printed muslin in tones usually associated with French cretonne, a black shantung showing brilliant reds and greens interspersed with mauve, and a striking willow design in rather colder colours has a severe and dignified charm, and would be particularly suitable in any room with a Chinese tendency

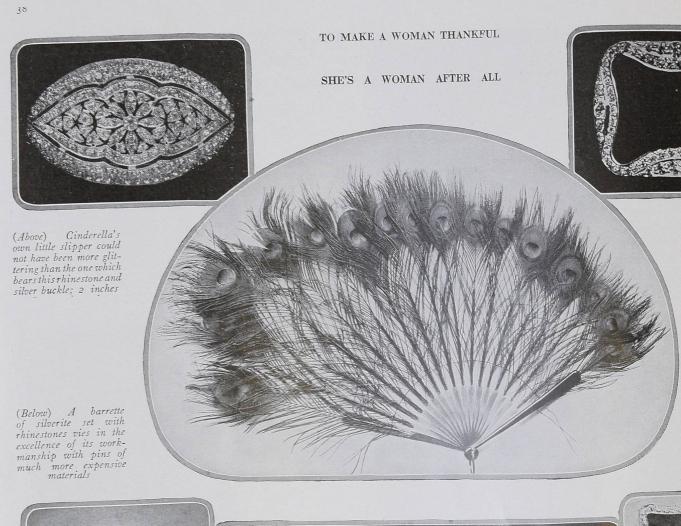


Morris, became interested, and gave their enthusiastic support. About this western world began to wake up to these Oriental Art Industries, so prolific in their production of imaginative and fantastic design, the finest intricacies of which were simpli-fied and executed with meticulous care and taste. The pene-trating eye of the firm seeing the time was ripe, the art of British manufactur-ers duplicated many of these Eastern textiles, and put them on the market. The silks and brocades of China and Japan, the soft woollen fabrics of soft woollen fabrics of Cashmere, the filmy gauzes of India, and the light cottons, which may be seen anywhere in the tropics, were made the starting point for some interesting experiments. The introduction of some precious dyes, the ingredients of which were hitherto supposed to be a deadly secret of the Orient, (Continued on p. 68)

and window blinds of a silk muslin, pat-terned with a delicate and conventional Jaand conventional Ja-panese design, would make an adorable finish to a boudoir." While the dark wo-man gave vent to this soliloquy, her fair neighbour pro-mised herself a won-derful evening gown derful evening gown of printed chiffon, light as gossamer, covered with the most intricate pattern of fairt paints tern of faint pink wild roses, running into sprays of pale black berries, their hairs mingled in a most decorative manner. She decided manner. She decided that her boudoir also should be re - arranged with some of these wonderful fabrics, and her choice inclined to mauves and greens and blues, so becoming to her blonde hair and pale skin. Each woman, intelligently conscious of what was most becoming to her, could find in that wide selection just what was particularly suited to her needs. On close inspection these gloriously-hued matebecoming to her

vriously-hued mate-

(Above) A happy variation of the usual square slipper buckle may be had in this buckle of brilliants set securely in silverite; 134 inches

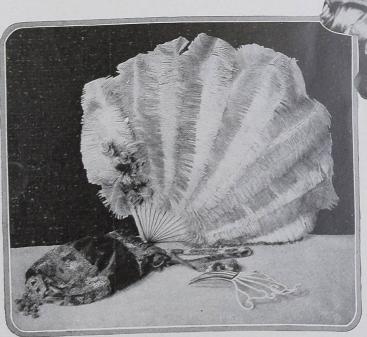


(Left) Only a woman skilled in the ways of fans and men may flirt with temerity with this fan of peacock feathers, 13 inches wide, set in an amber hundle

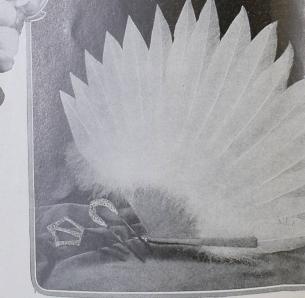
The woman with the straying locks shoul not be without this tuck comb, 11/4 inche wide and 11/2 inches deep, topped wit rhinestones set in silverite



A side view (reduced) of the pin at the right, showing two of its most potent attractions—the safety catch and the filigree work, marks of a good pin

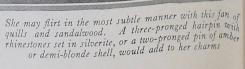


A fan of uncurled ostrich feathers and sandalwood, shading from a light to a deep tone, is an enviable possession, as are also a chiffon velvet bag beaded in old-fashioned colours and a silhouette comb of demi-amber or blonde shell



For the woman who prefers a bouquet that does not wilt at the inopportune moment, these flowers bloom in dull tones of blues, wistaria, and rose, with shaded blue and green leaves and buds

As essential to the wardrobe as gloves, or shoes, or a veil, is the everready bar pin. This pin of sterling silver, set with $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches of rhinestones, is fastened with a safety catch



A GLIMPSE INTO THE

HOME LIVES OF THOSE WE

LOVE UPON THE STAGE

Miss Jean Stirling Mackinlay certainly knew how to win juvenile hearts when she presented the children with "Little Tuck" and "Snow White with Red Rose" at the Margaret Morris Theatre, Chelsea. Miss Mackinlay is a great Nature lover, and when she is in her country home at Tenterden, an enthusiastic "worker on the land." She designs her own clothes, and makes them of old-world brocades and brighthued silks to suit the mood of the old songs and ballads she sings so well

By now very many indeed have followed the injunctions expressed by Miss Julia James in her famous "Come Hither" song, and have been to view her dainty acting as Lady Sapphir Blissett in "Theodore and Co," at the Gaiety Theatre. But comparatively few can have been privileged to see her as a charming picture in a Florentine gown, with the perfect setting of the old Italian garden, belonging to Baroness d'Erlanger's house at Shooter's Hill, as a background for her grace



WHEN THE CURTAIN IS LOW-ERED ON THE THEATRE WE PEEP BEHIND THE SCENES

Photographs by Miss Compton Collier

Home life in St. John's Wood seems to find Mrs. Oscar Ashe, well known as Miss Lily Brayton, more peacefully disposed than the public encounters her in the Oriental musical comedy "Chu Chin Chow," which is enjoying such a smooth run at His Majesty's Theatre. In the play it is a case of "war to the knife" all the time, especially on such occasions as when Miss Brayton as Zahrat al Kulub, the fascinating slave girl, completely upsets the wicked plans of Chu Chin Chow (Mr. Oscar Ashe), otherwise the Shayk, and discovers that it is written in the sands that he shall die by her hand





FILMY TISSUES, FINE STITCHING, AND DELICATE LACES
FORM A TRIPLE ALLIANCE
TO SECURE THE DAINTIEST
OF LINGERIE FOR LADY
CURZON'S TROUSSEAU.
BLUE RIBBON IS ADDED AS
A HAPPY AFTERTHOUGHT



A PARIS HOUSE GIVES EXAMPLES OF ITS DEFT

AND DELICATE HANDICRAFT,

ALSO OF ITS TALENT

FOR COMBINING VARIOUS

LACES WITH FLESH-COLOURED

CRÊPE DE CHINE INTO NEW

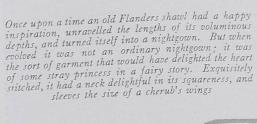
AND CHARMING DESIGNS

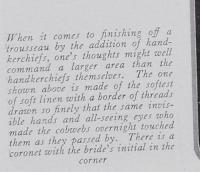


Years ago someone rashly said, "There's nothing new under the sun." This garment flatly contradicts him. Pink crêpe de Chine held out rosy hopes in the matter of its making, and blue ribbon joined hands with bands of Brussels net. But the laurels went to the clever person who added the lace in a way it had never been done before



Many brilliant lingères puzzled their brains over the creation of this nightgown. One put his art into rose-pink crêpe de Chine, another found out that mere science would hardly assist him to gauge the depths of the lace yoke, and a third made the all-important discovery that pastel blue ribbons over deep bands of Brussels net was all that was required to bind together the ideas of the other two







LINGERIE FROM MAISON IRLANDAISE

The Flanders shawl has a twin sister, who, when she saw how successfully her counterpart had emerged from the transition, determined to follow her example. But the relentless hands of Fate and the lingère twisted her fortunes defuly into the shape of a pretty petticoat bodice, added a bissed fill, which would look only in one direction, two ribbon strings, and an edge along which Valenciennes ran its narrow way



Photograph by Ira L. Hill.

WEDDING CAP OF A BRITTANY PEASANT

POSED BY MARY NASH

It has long been a source of regret that the modern woman of fasher is so much of that art of the picturesque use of laces and embroidery, which is possessed in such full measure by the Spanish señorita and the Brittany peasant. We therefore present here the charm of the Brittany cap upon the modern head. This affair of towering mistiness, which the Brittany peasant girl dons for her wedding festival, is of delicate net exquisitely embroidered, doubtless by her own hands, bordered with a fine Valenciennes and wired to the effect of an expansive halo; it is accompanied by a ruffled and embroidered net shawl to match

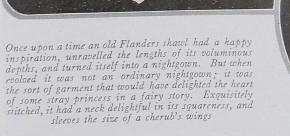
FILMY TISSUES, FINE STITCH-ING, AND DELICATE LACES FORM A TRIPLE ALLIANCE TO SECURE THE DAINTIEST FOR LADY LINGERIE OF TROUSSEAU. CURZON'S BLUE RIBBON IS ADDED AS HAPPY AFTERTHOUGHT



A PARIS HOUSE GIVES EX-AMPLES OF ITS DEFT AND DELICATE HANDICRAFT, ALSO OF ITS TALENT COMBINING FOR VARIOUS LACES WITH FLESH-COLOURED CRÊPE DE CHINE INTO NEW AND CHARMING DESIGNS



Years ago someone rashly said, "There's nothing new under the sun." This garment flatly contradicts him. Pink crêpe de Chine held out rosy hopes in the matter of its making, and blue ribbon joined hands with bands of Brussels net. But the laurels went to the clever person who added the lace in a way it had never been done before



Many brilliant lingères puzzled their brains over the creation of this nightgown. One put his art into rosepink crèpe de Chine, another found out that mere science would hardly assist him to gauge the depths of the lace yoke, and a third made the all-important discovery that pastel blue ribbons over deep bands of Brussels net was all that was required to bind together the ideas of the other two the ideas of the other two



LINGERIE FROM MAISON IRLANDAISE

The Flanders shawl has a twin sister, who, when she saw how successfully her counterpart had emerged from the transition, determined to follow her example. But the releatless hands of Fate and the lingère twisted her fortunes defuly into the shape of a pretty petticoat bodice, added a biased fill, which would look only in one direction, two ribbon strings, and an edge along which Valenciennes ran its narrow way When it comes to finishing off a trousseau by the addition of hand-kerchiefs, one's thoughts might well command a larger area than the handkerchiefs themselves. The one shown above is made of the softest of soft linen with a border of threads drawn so finely that the same invisible hands and all-seeing eyes who made the cobwebs overnight touched them as they passed by. There is a coronet with the bride's initial in the corner narrow way



Photograph by Ira L. Hill.

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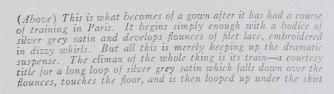
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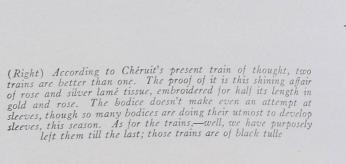
BACK-AND SOMETIMES FRONT TRAINS ARE



FOR the last few seasons, trains have not even entered our thoughts; they have become practically extinct. Perhaps it was because we danced so strenuously and so often that our skirts reached the modicum of length and our trains vanished from off the face of the earth. This season, however, when the designers were trying to think of something different to do, the idea of trains suddenly occurred to them. That is why so many of the most recent developments in evening gowns are appearing with trains somewhere about them. There is an intangible something about an evening gown with a train that sets it on a different plane from that of a short evening frock. It is not alone an air of dignity, but one of formality,—as if the event to which the gown is to be worn is of far more importance than an affair to which one would wear a short frock.

The train of to-day is not as the old-fashioned train; the latter was a logical







old-blue satin, there are two trains in which chiffon and satin are oddly combined. From beneath the drapery at the very middle of the back, there emerge two long ends of old-blue chiffon which at the hem of the skirt are gathered again into wide flat strips of satin, which trail on the floor on either side of the gown.

Perhaps the most startling train is one which, oddly enough, is more closely related to the trains of former years than any which has as yet appeared. The gown to which it is attached is also of old-blue satin. A very wide train of the satin is gathered at the waist and falls in stiff folds to the floor. The most noteworthy thing about this train is the wide piece of blue tulle which is gauged over the top of the satin train and which reaches to the same length. At its end, which rests upon the floor, are two ruffles of tulle. The effect is most astonishing.

The most graceful trains which have

REDFERN

been worn this season are those which come to a point or which are caught together at the end in some bit of ornamentation. Of this variety is the train of a very beautiful model which is made on mediæval lines. It is of black satin embroidered here and there in intricate motifs of steel and pearl beads. The train is long and narrow, sweeping out at the back into a graceful flowing line. It is pleated at the end into a band of steel and pearl embroidery.

Very often the lining of the train may introduce an effective note of colour, or else repeat the tone which appears in the trimming of the gown itself. For instance, a gown of black tulle and silver lace may have a long black satin or velvet train lined with silver gauze, or a gown of peacock blue velvet embroidered in soft rich peacock colourings may have its train lined with a shade of yellow which matches a tone of the embroidery.



(Left) One of the latest trains out of Paris is that on this stately gown. The skirt of the gown itself is of silver lace sparkling with silver paillettes, and the bodice is of peacock blue satin, embroidered with silver, with thin silver lace for the de Medici collar and the sleeves, which have a new way all their own of joining the collar. The train must be an express—it runs from the shoulders to the floor without a stop. It is of peacock blue velvet, embroidered with brilliants and silver paillettes, and it is attached by silver cords

The Crystal

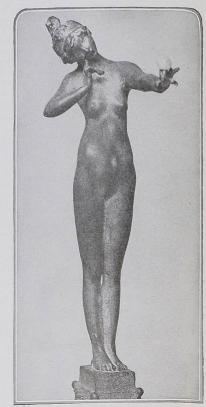


Cleopatra

RE-CREATING A LOST ART

Alfred Lenz Is Rivalling the Bronze Castings of Ancient China and Peru

THESE little figurines are shown here in the exact size of the original statuettes. They are all designed and cast by Alfred Lenz, a New York artist who long ago rebelled against the inartistic methods of the average metal founder. He came to the conclusion that it was absurd for a sculptor to hand over his work to them and allow them to do what they liked with it, simply because they said that they could do no better. He realized, as many other sculptors had done, that, as far as casting was concerned, a great deal of the skill of the Chinese, of the old Peruvian Mexicans—or of the ancients—to go no further—had apparently been lost to the world, for there are bits of Chinese, Peruvian, or Mexican casting in the Museums of the world that would be the despair of any metal foundry to-day. So he decided that the only way for modern sculptors to recover something of the knowledge and craft of the past was for the artists themselves to attempt what the mechanics had failed to do. After many years of experiments and study, Mr. Lenz has at last hit on a new casting process, the great virtue of which lies in the quality of the moulding mixture, which is so fine that it enfolds and surrounds the model with extreme closeness. As a result every line, no matter how delicate or slight, is shown when the waxen figure is melted and the work is complete.



The Bauble



Two Views of "The Dance of Spring"



Miss Ruby Miller, after continued success for a year in "A Little Bit of Fluff," has now turned her attention to revue. Here she is seen in her charming flat near Bond Street, surrounded by her delightful furniture, her many books, for which she has a great affection, and pictures of her numerous friends



IN THE SECLUSION OF THEIR HOMES THEY LOSE

NOT A WHIT OF THEIR FOOTLIGHT ATTRACTION

AND SURROUNDED BY THEIR PERSONAL BELONGINGS

THEY GAIN AN INTIMATE CHARM



Miss Christine Silver, who has been much appreciated by her London audiences, is about to make her debut on the films. It appears she has a very fine part, giving wide scope to her dramatic powers. Her delightful performance in "Fanny's First Play," "On Trial," "The Rat," "The Yellow Jacket," and many other plays will be remembered with pleasure by theatre-goers. She really prefers acting light and dainty parts such as Phwbe Throssel in "Quality Street," to the more wearing rôles of intense drama. She has much musical ability

"Peter Pan" has flown back to London again, much to the joy of hundreds of children. Miss Unity Moore makes a very sprightly Peter, and she gets a charming quality of boyishness into her voice, especially in the scene of the Mermaid's Lagoon, where she shouts impertinent answers from the waves to Captain Hook marooned on a rock. Through her courage and attack she comes through many thrilling adventures to happy ending in her little house in the tree-tops, where all the fairies may be heard having their baths, and making much noise in the process

ATMOSPHERE AMERICAN GREAT THE

O dare write about atmosphere now, in New York, is not only a difficult proposition; it seems almost impertinence. It should scarcely be attempted without a number of new words fitted to express those

new sensations and new visions which originate in that great new world. New words, the English language will sooner or later have to coin; for the words "atmosphere," "har mony," and other old-fashioned and melodious expressions are totally unsuited to render the impression made by that modern Babylon, which yet sion made by that modern Babylon, which yet does clearly produce an impression complete and all its own.

WANTED, A VOCABULARY

When the idea of writing on this subject was first suggested, words that I thought could be said came to my mind, and I was keen and enthusiastic to say them. After reflection I realized that if I expected to write about attacks the cause in which it is usually mosphere in the sense in which it is usually understood, the sense that most Americans have learned to know it in Europe, I should fail hopelessly. Vaguely I feel that atmosphere in the sense in which I have known it in my years the sense in which I have known it in my years on the continent is a thing so distant, belonging to another world, and so far away that I could not even adequately define its evanescent charm. Brought face to face with the subject, I have come to realize this feeling about it, which has doubtless long been formulated in my subconscious mind. Many situations and disappointments that have been rather puzzling became clear as soon as I concluded puzzling became clear as soon as I concluded that the word "atmosphere" in the European sense could never be applied to the other side of the Atlantic.

For one born and bred in Europe, this realiza-

tion brought its own sadness, it is true; for at-mosphere, a term as fleetingly undefinable as it is abstract, seemed suddenly to take a definite form and become the one and only thing which

was of real importance in any person or place. For atmosphere is the outcome of harmony, and to be in harmony with one's thoughts and through this with one's surroundings is a rare and delightful thing. In Europe, sticks, stones, and human beings are apparently expressions of a long-continued and harmonious development. This brick was the pillow of a king, this face the inspiration of a great poet, this window the frame of a romance, and so on. America, while she possesses without doubt the life and throb, does not possess the harmony was of real importance in any person sesses without doubt the life and throb, does not possess the harmony of thought and action which makes that mellow pulsing thing we know in Europe as atmosphere, and which results from long-inherited tradition and historic surroundings.

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shape of a holiday must be lived elsewhere. Personally I do not feel that the pursuit of strenuous business can ever preclude moments given over to the lighter sides of life and to less material aims. Yet it is true that when the selection of a holiday resort is to be made by Americans, nine times out of ten, some European destination is chosen in preference to any of the levely spots in their own country.

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However, to return to that absence of atmosphere of which most people complain. Is it not possible that those who are so quick to find fault, make the mistake of looking for something they can certainly find in Paris or Rome, but which they cannot possibly find in America? Yet they fail to feel what for lack of a better word I still have to call the atmosphere (though of another form) which emanates from New York in a very positive way. in a very positive way.

THE MAGICAL CITY

To me, New York is the most wonderful city of its kind in the world. No argument can convince me that it has not a something which though quite different, is yet equivalent to what in older countries would be called atmosphere. New York has its own individuality, its great and inspiring driving force, which is its great and inspiring driving force, which is invigorating and unique and therefore of tremendous value. It is impossible that a city so thoroughly alive in its newness should not have some vibrating and vital message to convey to an unprejudiced and receptive

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ity emanating from this great hurrying city,—something great, which has so far been felt by few, and these few mostly artists, and sometimes foreign artists, into the bargain. They may detest it—and certainly a good many do, may detest it—and certainly a good many do, but all have received a new and lasting impression, and instinctively have felt this very individual and inspiring emanation, not to say atmosphere, arising from this great city. We who are cosmopolitans, we know what is lacking, we know what we miss, though if in New York we had the atmosphere of Europe we would be the first to condemn it as out of tune and to feel the absence of its

tune and to feel the absence of its harmonious setting. If at times a jarring note has set my teeth on edge, I soon remember all there is to compensate for it, as all must realize who are conscious of the wonderful vibrating current that makes life in America so much more exhilarating than in countries where everything has already the mellow of completeness.

Once I went into a big store, which was bright, spacious, and practically fitted out. The owner had just spent vast sums of money to do up this place. Being much pleased with the result and knowing that I was interested in decoration of all kinds, he asked for my opinion. I unwisely answered, "Perfect, in its way, but you haven't the slightest atmosphere in your place. It's sanitary, that's all!" I never gave the matter another thought, till the year after, when passing the same establishment, I met the owner. He recognized me and I had to submit and be taken into the store to see the improvements. store to see the improvements.

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TAKING THOUGHT for the MORROW

Crêpe de Chine Comes to its Own but Finds in Satin a Rival to Be Reckoned With; The Silhouette Continues to Be Straight

RE we planning a rest from our labours? If we are, it is high time we began to have thoughts—very definite thoughts on a particular subject. Among the best answers to the morning dress question are the dresses of crêpe de Chine in pastel colours, with white rabbit collars. Satin, too, is present, with a new acquisition since last year—embroidery. One might say, this year, that to see anything new is to see something embroidered; wool jersey is embroidered in silk, braid, and even tinsel. By night, we shall appear in regulation length dresses, occasionally with trains, of heavy Georgette crêpe resembling crêpe de Chine. Grey and tan and white are the most popular colours, closely seconded by dull yellow, dull blue, and dull rose; a vivid green is very popular. The model at the upper right on this page is an after-

noon dress of black charmeuse, the long lines of which are typical of the present mode. The bands of old gold embroidery on black net, and the joining of shirt to underskirt at the bottom instead of hemming it, are interesting features of the dress. The sleeves are black chiffon. The evening gown at the lower right is another example of the everywhere present long straight line; it has a new kind of short straight sleeve, made of rose net and rose velvet. The gown itself is of rose chiffon velvet, with a girdle which is long-waisted in the front, rising to the natural waist-line in the back; above it is a narrow trimming of gold embroidery. The evening gown at the lower left is of vivid green satin, open at the sides of the skirt to show the draped underskirt of ecru tulle embroidered at the bottom with silver thread and caught at the sides with pink roses; it is very narrow around the ankles.



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(Extreme left) One of the colours now most in evidence on the Paris fashion-palette, is green; Fanny has heard the rumour afloat in Paris air,—that of the skirt narrow at the bottom and wide at the top

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Paul Clerget, the Belgian actor, who recently went to America to invest the part of Pierrot's father with the authority which this excessively difficult pantomimic rôle demands

Phrynette's forewell to Pierrot

PIERROT the PRODIGAL

The Latest Revival of a Pantomime Classic

VERY once in so often, all over the world, "L'Enfant Prodigue," Michel Carré's pantomime, is revived, and always with success. The French are never tired of reviving it themselves, since Felicia Mallet first definitely stamped the title rôle of Pierrot upon the imagination of the French people. It is as popular in America as in Europe, and Mr. Winthrop Ames, sleepless in artistic energy, is scoring with the revival at the Booth in New York. The above picture shows Marjorie Patterson as Pierrot, and Margot Kelly as Phrynette.



Marjorie Patterson's Pierrot has met with only one adverse criticism—that she plays in too sombre a tone—Ada Rehan and Pilar Morin having interpreted it in a somewhat happier key

L E M O N D E QUIS'AMUS

INETEEN-SEVEN-TEEN in its brief career has brought change and to spare for those who like change. An Iron Hand has taken hold of

for those who like change. An Iron Hand has taken hold of our destinies, international and personal; it has down-and-outed the "wait and see" motto and substituted that of "do it now—and hustle." It looks as if some of us were going to be extremely uncomfortable. However it will be very good for us; we were getting far too slothful and dependent on the flesh-pots. The war has been an object lesson in showing how helpless and unhappy a set of able-bodied people can be when partially deprived of servitors, drink, and vehicular modes of transit. It has taught us to make the most of what we have and to be grateful for it; also it has made us as versatile as revue artists. There was once a pretty woman who had to decline an invitation to a country-house party because her maid had left and she could not do her own hair. Now she is a most efficient scullery maid at a convalescent home; in the intervals she does her marketing with a string bag, and thanks Heaven daily for a faithful "char." How are the mighty fallen off their perches! I wonder if perches will ever be the fashion again in this generation? Stockbrokers have become Tank heroes, and soldiers by profession have found their métier as writers and artists. It is known that the "country expert" who used to give us daily bulletins anent the vocalization of the cuckoo and the moulting of autumnal leaves, and lent charm to our favourite morning paper with graceful idylls concerning slugs and snowdrops, is now "our special correspondent" in one of the grimmest war zones; it is rumoured that Mr. Orpen, painter of lovely women, is detailed to portray battle pictures in France.

PUBLIC HUSBANDS AND PUBLIC NUISANCES

Of all strange professions, surely the strangest will be that of the Public Husbands in marriages by proxy! The governmental mind, with rare perception, considers that the husband-to-be might feel suspicious of another man, even his pal, promising to love and cherish his own "little bit of all right." Whereas, a blase state official of unprepossessing appearance and proved Platonic principles would seem uncompromising as a phonograph. I wonder if public husbands will be quite super-human.

Platonic principles would seem uncompromising as a phonograph. I wonder if public husbands will be quite super-human.

It is fortunate that Bill Sykes and his friends are mostly in the trenches in view of the darkness of the streets, compared with which the darkness of Egypt must have been like a nest of skyrockets. What a happy hunting ground there would be for foot-pads if such-like wild-fowl were not already doing their bit on one-and-twopence a day. Crossing the roads is a night-mare to timid people, and having seen a central street-lamp leaning like the Tower of Pisa, makes one rather suspicious of the safety of the refuges. As a bus conductor, with the dogged pessimism of his depleted tribe, remarked after a heavy skid: "These 'ere dark streets kill more folk than what they would if the lights was up and the Zeppelins 'ere." It is hard to say which is the more unpleasant, the quite dark places where one stubs one's toe, or the faintly glimmering patches where impertinent prowlers hover.

THE ETERNAL FEMININE

The question of the eternal feminine seems to be occupying the minds of a great many writers just now. Whatever journal one picks up, especially if it be a monthly, one comes across thoughtful articles on "Woman-power," "Women during the War," "Women after the War," etc., etc. Hithertowomen have generally been regarded as useful or merely pleasant creatures about the house, or as decorative adjuncts to an expensive meal. Never before have we been given so much consideration, and through the consideration runs an unacknowleged tinge of anxiety. Apparently the lords of creation are apprehensive lest, having understudied them so well, we shall be loath to hand over to them the laurels we have won, and take up our old rôle of admiring audience. One

The Passing of Women as Decorative Adjuncts to an Expensive Meal Synchronizes with the Lamented Death of the Eight-Course Dinner

hears that a new branch of laurels is to be ours, and that the War Office is going to send a number of women to France to release as many lightduty men as possible for skilled munition and other work at home. It will be an amusing reversal of the usual order—"the hand that rocks the cradle" a masculine one—while the angel of the hearth has her letters addressed to B. E. F. Socially it is the older woman who is having her hey-day. The jeune fille is rather out of the limelight; she is busy with war-work, and, thank goodness, the illustrated papers seem to be giving a rest to snapshots of "on the right, Lady A. making soup, on the left, Lady B. making eyes." Widows are the star turn. On the stage they are paramount, and the heroine of the most amusing play in town, "The Widow's Might," is, as the title implies, the epitome of Weller's sage philosophy.

DIETETIC SUBTERFUGE

I wish someone would compile a brief arithmetical treatise helping one to cope with the new restaurant regulations. It is pathetic to watch some bibulous host and a neutral waiter who does not understand English trying to work out a legitimate luncheon in "half" and "whole" courses. Some things, such as oysters and caviare, present real stumbling blocks. Though the management may choose to consider them a "whole," one's appetite indignantly dubs them as an inadequate "half." It seems rather a false economy. Whereas before, by the time the joint appeared, one had completely vitiated one's appetite with hors d'auvre and mysterious compositions à la something or other, now one tackles two or more helpings with the gusto of a navvy, and gourmandizes on cheese at one and tenpence a pound. "Officers' dinners" are really not worth the five and sixpence charged, and it seems rather unfair that the soldier on leave who deserves his good fare should be kept to a nursery diet, while overfed civilians can batten on out-of-season luxuries. In any case there are so many subterfuges possible, and encouraged by the waiters, within the letter of the law, that the point of the regulation is lost. If any food reform is to be effective, it must be general and irrespective of persons. The only people I wish someone would compile a brief arithfood reform is to be effective, it must be general and irrespective of persons. The only people who gain at present are the caterers, who over-charge for coffee and drinks, oh, most villain-

I have heard on good authority that we are presently to be put on a servant allowance of



one apiece. All very well for dwellers in flats and bijou residences, but the inhabitants of Park Lane and Grosvenor Square will be hard put to it to keep the home fires burning. Here again, "chars" and "helps" will present something of the same difficulty caviare.

as oysters and caviare.

LA VIE DE BOHÈME

Alas, that Ciro's of yesteryear is no more. With it died the last glimmer of irresponsible gaiety left to us. Will the noisette, eschewing new frocks and lip-salve, give up the uneven fight and take to good works? And will rag-time and the hula-hula take their syncopated flight back to the land of their birth? Ciro's has left us many pleasant memories. I wonder what new thing we shall think of? There is a fortune and the blessings of a multitude in store for the genius who can devise some legal form of after-dinner occupation. The only mild diversions that have been evolved so far are studio dances. Though "the rage," they are rather cheerless little functions. Studios are not always ideal temples of Terpsichore. The chief point seems to be that, in emulation of La Vie de Bohème, the guests dare not carp if the floor is sticky, the gramophone wheezy, and the supper constituted of ginger beer and buns. At anyrate, if our lower nature is discontented we can (perhaps) satiate our soul with the embryonic beauty of next year's Academy.

'NEATH OTHER SKIES

'NEATH OTHER SKIES

However, we have little to complain of compared with other people. Paris is no longer acity of light. The electric supply is liable to be cut off at any time, not as a precaution against Zepps, but as an economy. People are kicked out of restaurants punctually at ninethirty, and prices are high. Except in the larger hotels it is even somewhat difficult to obtain a fire in one's room. The French, proverbially good managers, have apparently decided that prevention is better than cure, and do not leave precautionary measures till they are almost too late to be effective, as our languid late Government had such a knack of doing. The people who cannot live without their trip abroad must be having a bad time this winter. Many of these exotics are making a second best of life at Bath, Harrogate, and the South Coast resorts, which are simply coining money. A few bolder spirits have fled to Spain. From a sporting point of view they deserve their fun, for their safe arrival and return are matters of chance. Passports are a subject of morbid importance to officials; woe betide the man or woman who, in a moment of vanity, has wrongly registered the shape of nose, or the colour of eyes. There is a story that one lady was hung up for two days on the frontier because someone failed to recognize a somewhat optimistic description of her personal appearance. Meals en route are generally non-existent, and at the merest whispered rumour of a submarine, boats do not sail. Spain, from all accounts, is the only place where pleasure as usual is in order, though largely catered for and staffed by complacent Germans. It must be rather nervous work being served by a Hun in shop or restaurant. One would be inclined to suspect him of having put poison in the soup or cast the Evil Eye on purchases. He is not a generous foe, the Hun; unlike the Turk, who knows a gallant gentleman when he sees one, and treats him as such. The little island, not so very far from Constantinople, where the brave defender of Kut is taking an enforced rest-cure fo



Camera portrait by E. O. Hoppé

FITZGERALD PAMELA

All good wishes from the Emerald Isle and Great Britain alike go out to Miss Pamela Fitzgerald, whose engagement to Major Eric Greer, Irish Guards, was recently announced. The bridegroom-to-be is the son of Captain Harry Greer, of the Curragh Grange, Co. Kildare, well known as a keen sportsman both in England and in his native country. Miss Fitzgerald is the younger daughter of the Hon. Eustace Fitzgerald, son of the late Lord Fitzgerald; she is also a granddaughter of Lord Barrington

ON BEING YOUR BROTHER'S KEEPER

We May Prate of the Heathen in His Blindness, Bowing Down to Wood and Stone, but Have We Not more in Common with Him Than Our Civilization Allows Us to Admit?

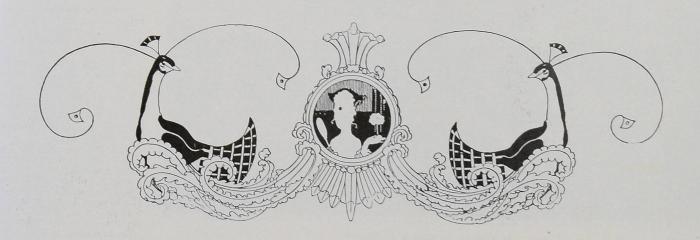
HEN you see upon the shelves of a collection some quaintly hideous heathen idol, the hardest effort of your understanding is to conceive how human beings like yourself did ever worship so grotesque a thing. And yet that is the first essential fact concerning it of which you may be absolutely sure. Strange as it seems, that thing was once held sacred; and if you turn the matter off with some easily remembered phrase about the heathen in his blindness, it will not have been the heathen who was blind. For you and I also bow down to wood and stone, not with our ignorance, but with our holiest wisdom; and if we cannot find in that mis-shapen image anything for ourselves to reverence, it is not because the savage lacked humanity, but because we cultivated folk lack imagination.

PUT yourself in his place; or rather (since his place is not one we know much about) try to put him in yours. You care, perhaps, for money: yet not for silly bits of metal or of paper, but for what they represent—success and power and accomplishment and command over the pleasant things of life. Or you care for art: not for any pattern of paints or words or tones, but for whatever truth or beauty these may represent, the wonder of the creative works of man. Or you care for science: not the vain gathering of facts, but the vision of the material universe and the control of it. Nobody really cares for anything in itself, but for what it means to him; and this same meaning another person finds and adores in quite another object. The forms of things are diverse and very many; but that in them which we value, the souls of them, as one may say, are few and great and common to us all. Now, the savage may be like a child, but he is not like a fool. He knows his idol well enough for what it is, an image graven by men's hands; and he no more worships it as such than you or I worship a splash of paint or scrap of printed paper. But that Idea which it sufficiently represents to him is doubtless one which we

also would recognize as divine. We probably worship it ourselves, under some other name. For no one in the world can any more admire a thing not admirable than he can see a thing not visible; worship is only the poetry of admiration.

Motherhood in a child playing with a doll. It is less easily to be seen in a lady playing with a lapdog; nevertheless, it is there. We, at our age, have ceased from adoring the pirate and the highwayman; but the small boy adores them for precisely what we glorify in our own favourite heroes. Or when some woman marries, you shall hear others wondering what He sees in Her. But that is not really what they are wondering. They know perfectly just what he sees in her; the puzzle is, how he can see it there. And that is usually the puzzle. Many cultured people imagine with difficulty how anyone can enjoy the cinema, and many less cultured find equal difficulty in imagining how anyone can enjoy Maeterlinck and Tchekov. Yet the two enjoyments are the same. The Coliseum, the bullfight, and football are one in spirit: their forms differ, and . . . one has one's preferences.

A ND the application of all this? Well, we are much concerned for the good of other people nowadays. And we can be of no use to anyone upon the mistaken assumption that he cares for what is bad. People like all sorts of strange things, and some very evil things; nevertheless they care for these always and only for the sake of some good which they find therein, and which we (upon our eminence) would also approve if we could understand. It may be hard to conceive of the striker as animated by the spirit of '89; yet that is what we others must manage to conceive. It is hard to imagine what divinity the South Sea Islander has imagined in the idol of his heathen rites; but until we attain so much imagination, we need not hope to make it more divine.



216. Crépuscule d'Automne, by Thomas F. M. Sheard, R.B.A

The EIGHTEENTH EXHIBITION of the PASTEL SOCIETY

THE medium of pastel suggests pictures that are exquisite in the bloom of colour and sensitive in touch. The sticks of "powder" lie in their box with such a dainty appearance that to any person looking on them it would seem a sin against their true character to force them to obtain in the picture an effect that is harsh and sombre. And this instinct about pastels, which every person feels in regarding them in the box, is a true one. In a good pastel drawing there is no sign of the medium being forced.

Some years ago the Pastel Society was formed to preserve the tradition of a charming art; to preserve that tradition in a century not so well in keeping with it as the eighteenth, when it was established. Pastel is an art for a polite and leisurely age. And it is essentially an art for an artist. Artists are really quite rare among painters now. Quite as many modern pictures are painted by force of will as by talent. Before the war men with a little commercial ingenuity could make a good business of art without having any vocation for it. Nor is the present exhibition of the Pastel Society free from the operations of this class of merchant. Far from it; there is much in these galleries which should not be tabulated under the dainty heading and within the tasteful covers of the Society's catalogue. ing and within the tasteful covers of the Society's catalogue.

Men with no eye for colour should not be allowed to work with a paint-box with more than two colours in it; give them a box of pastels with every colour in the rainbow in it and with each touch they will get farther from what we (connoisseurs) understand by colour in a
picture—they will always choose sunsets for representation, too! It is extrasets for representation, too! It is extraordinary the number of sunset scenes
that you will see in a pastel exhibition.
And if you believe what these pastels say
about Nature, then it is not blasphemous
to refer—as someone, much reproved
for so doing, did—to a "vulgar sunset."
The dividing line between the work of
one or two members of the Pastel Society
and that of payement artists—both em-

and that of pavement artists—both em-ploying the same medium—is very fine

Fortunately, sunset artists are so confident of their gifts as colourists that they will not dream that I refer to them. If I do not mention them by name it is because the society to which they belong has embraced such illustrious names as Brabazon, Whistler, Carrière, Orchardson, Segantini, Swan, and Watts. I could only wish that the ghosts of these masters would appear to the Committee that compromises the many exquisite works still shown by so many that should not be shown at all, even to a friend.

Mentioning here only artists whose works repay study: Mr. Tom Roberson's scenes on the Loire, and his "Morning on the Breton Coast," should not be missed by the visitor, for here we have that quality of "touch"—the touch of pastel to paper without forcing it to do more than it will do naturally—well shown. The portraits by Mr. Melton Fisher, adjoining Mr. Robertson's works on the wall of the main gallery, being in charcoal, are almost outside the range of pastel, and so we need not dwell on them. They are in the style of Sargent's drawings in charcoal, but are not equal to them. On the other side of them Mr. Frank W. Carter has a series of mountain scenes, notably two scenes near Kanderstag, Switzerland, in which we see Nature in an impressive moed depicted with force without the limitations of pastel being at any point infringed. Mr. T. F. M. Sheard's twilight and moonlight street scenes and landscapes suffer, in spite of the fact that they are perfect in execution, from the unpleasant greeny-blue tone that pervades. They prove what supreme art is required to give the pearly effect of moonlight on white fronted houses with the colours so pretty, so lacking in austerity, that lie in the pastel-box.

Mr. Arthur Wardle's "Study of a Greyhound," and his studies of a Rhodesian lion, of a leopard, and of a lioness and cubs, show a rather different employment of pastel than the works we have described. In Mr. Wardle's work the insistence is on the outline. But his draughtsmanship is certain and sympathetic, and he gets

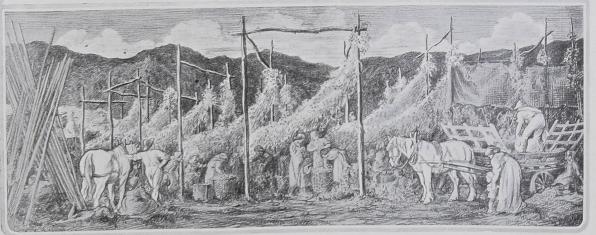
I am well.

Mrs. Beatrice Willink's "Clipping at Brockstones, Kentmere," representing the clipping of sheep at Brockstones—which is only one of her several good pastels—shows the possibility of obtaining atmospheric greys in the bright chalks, and that perfect art of making the touch on paper and the view taken of the scene seem dependent on each other.

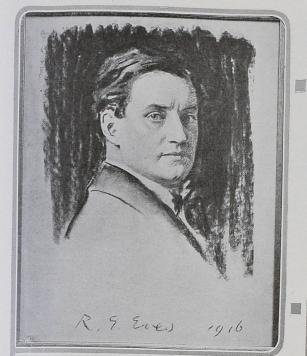


St. Ives, by Miss A. G. Pike

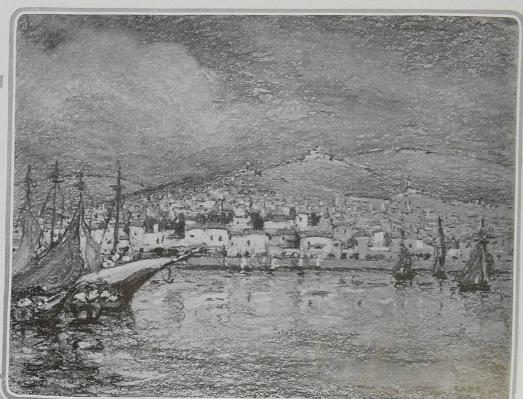
Cooper and Humphreys



117. The Hopfields, by Francis D. Bedford



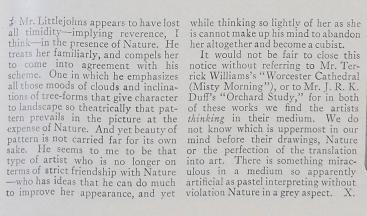
45. Henry Ainley, Esq., by R. G. Eves, R.O.I.



142. Salonika, by Lady Bax-Ironside

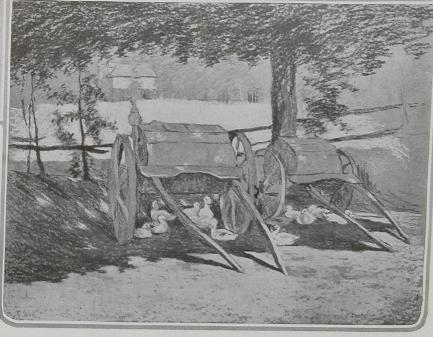


311. Columbine, by Lewis Baumer

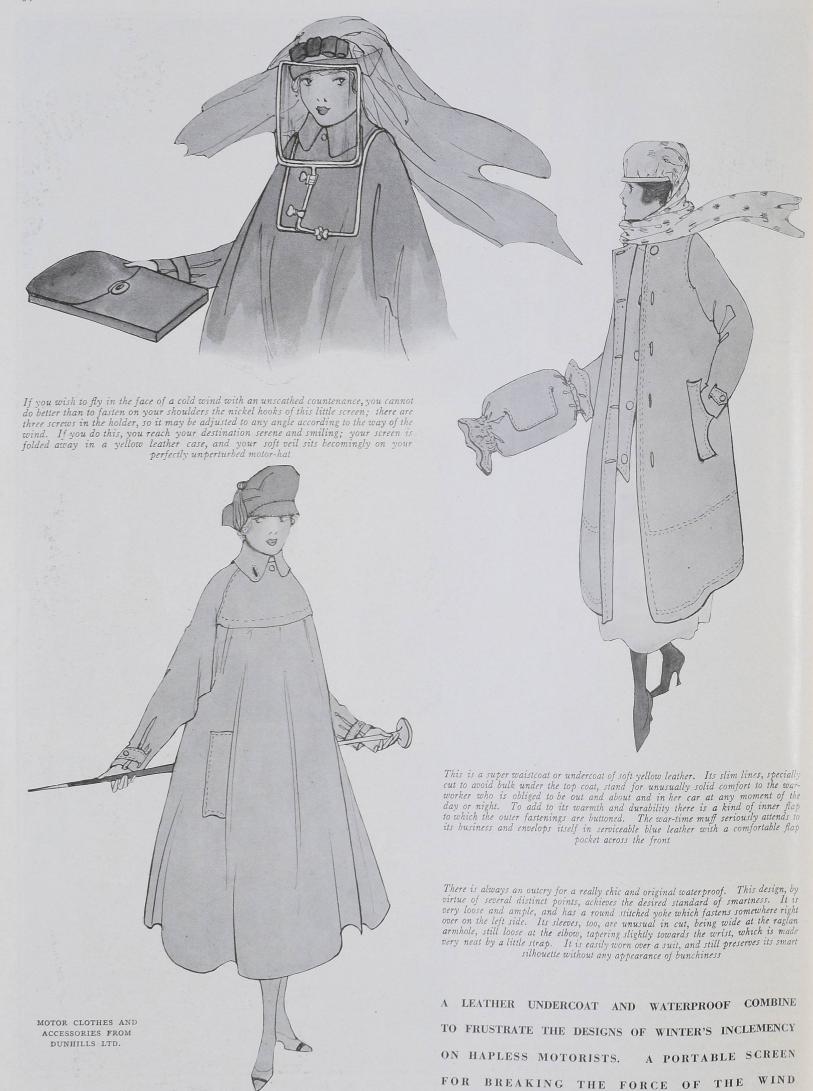




Study of a Greyhound, by Arthur Wardle



290. The Farmyard, by Mrs. Esther S. Sutro





RED LOCKS AND GOLD AS WELL

AS AUBURN SURROUND

THEIR HAPPY POSSESSORS

WITH CONTINUAL BRIGHTNESS

Miss Fay Compton has a real sense of "home," and has very happily communicated it to her charming flat in Sloane Street, where she has a rare collection of old china, of which she takes care with her own hands. For the last few months she, with Mr. H. B. Irving, has been making the revival of Barrie's "The Professor's Love Story" quite an event in the theatrical world

photograph by Miss Compton Collier

Miss Madeline Seymour, whom we all know as Mrs. B. Gans, the wife of the villain in "Potash and Perlmutter," is a striking figure in the play. Her beautiful auburn hair and glittering cloak and gowns mark her for notice even if her personality had not already made it assured

Miss Mary Glynne, who is so young, she is hardly grown up, has yet managed to leave a most successful career behind her. She is acting just now with Norman McKinnall in "A Pierrot's Christmas," a mimic-drama, which is one of the most amusing little shows in Town. Her hair, which is unusually beautiful, is of the palest, purest gold

Camera portrait by E. O. Hoppé





LONDON AND NEW YORK COMBINE AND BETWEEN THEM
PRODUCE AND PROVIDE ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE NEW YEAR



Photograph by Arbuthnot

Miss Gladys Unger, that clever American playwright, is part author with Neil Lyons of "London Pride," now being played at Wyndham's Theatre. She is very cosmopolitan, having lived a great deal abroad, particularly in Paris. She has produced numerous plays in London, and done a good deal of musical comedy work in collaboration with well-known composers



Photograph by Hugh Cecil

Miss Daisy Hancox is another of those fortunate and capable people who, starting their theatrical career in a chorus, have leapt quickly to fame and leading rôles in an astonishingly short time. Miss Hancox, who till a short time ago was at Daly's Theatre, has recently been taking the principal part in "Extra Special," at the Kingsway



Miss Ida Adams, who is an American, has abandoned New York to come and make part of Mr. Cochran's cast for "Houp-Là." She has a great deal of personality as well as a good voice, and though she wanders through her dances with such lissom nonchalance, much technical skill is necessary to achieve that easy grace

Camera portrait by E. O. Hoppé

Mrs. Godfrey Tearle was before her marriage Mary Malone. Though a very clever actress herself, she has not appeared very much on the stage since her marriage; the last play she was in being "Quinney's," at the Haymarket. Her husband, who has been soldiering for the past ten months, is now at Aldershot. Owing to the vicissitudes of a soldier's whereabouts in these days she has not been able to make any definite plans, but hopes shortly to go to America to do some cinema work



SINCE THE WAR-WORKER HELPS HER COUNTRY HER COMFORT SHOULD BE

MOTORING for fun—one must reluctantly admit—is for the moment a thing of the past and the future. No longer can one set off on a journey, pleasantly vague as to destination and duration, just for the pleasure of getting there by car, so to speak; no, the pleasant art of motoring, unless identified in some way with work of national importance, is now taboo, hemmed in by an unsurpassable hedge of restrictions, to say nothing of the difficulties of petrol. In the meantime, those who are doing war-work have to be taken into account, and they consist of more than half the nation. These people (mostly women) have to get about somehow, and now that trains are so unwilling and unaccommodating they fall back into the reliable car with a sigh of unwilling and unaccommodating they fall back into the reliable car with a sigh of relief. They are usually self-sacrificing people, these women workers, and their comfort, if this were a just world, should be more considered than the luxurious motorist of yore, who raced through Europe in affluent ease with every cosy accessory that ingenious wits could devise.

Anyway, there is no reason why the workers should be either cold or hungry on their necessary travels.

A rug, specially designed for motoring, of thick-padded rep, is indispensable for use in an open car. It has two deep pockets, and is so large that it can be cosily tucked round the traveller in a way that shelters her from every

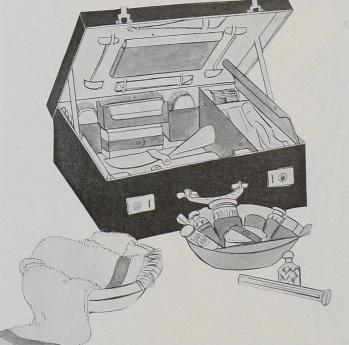
Another clever device to frustrate the plans of frost and cold is a foot-sack, made of blue leather and lined with fur. It is big enough to allow two feet to go in together, and there is still room for hot-water bottles at the bottom to comfort cold toes. Those people who give all their time to their work have to hold themselves in readiness to rush off anywhere at a moment's notice, perhaps in the middle of the night. Under these conditions one wants the minimum of the most compact luggage. A useful dressing-case, prepared with forethought even to the wash-basin, can generally cover all one's needs. Meals, like many other things in this topsy-turvy world, havelost much of their pristine importance and now are often hurriedly snatched when and where they can be found; therefore a tea-basket is a great stand-by, and should never be forgotten in the Another clever device to frustrate the and should never be forgotten in the most hurried departure.



The war-worker, whose time is not her own and who may be forced to rush off on some errand at any hour of the night, should not be allowed to suffer from cold or hunger. A large rug is indispensable to her comfort, and it is specially welcome made of heavily-padded green rep with deep pockets, into which her chilly hands may be thrust well above the wrist

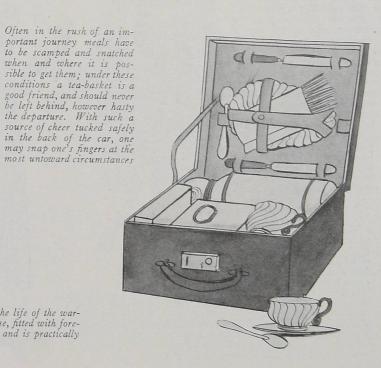


y comfort is her due at least on the journey, however of the work may be when she gets there; with here of feet warmly ensconced inside this fur-lined leather, they should be immune from every chilly draught inds its way into the car. The bag is large enough provide room for two hot-water bottles in its depths



Sudden and urgent departures, which are everyday occurrences in the life of the warworker, necessitate a minimum of compact luggage. A dressing-case, fitted with fore-thought even to the wash-basin, should cover one's immediate needs, and is practically no trouble to pack or to carry

MOTOR ACCESSORIES FROM J. C. VICKERY



SMART FASHIONS FOR LIMITED INCOMES

Spring, the Season of Imagination, Is upon Us, and Its Fancy Takes New Shape in Coloured Linen Blouses, Tailored Dresses, and Shortened Motor-coats



It is not for a coiffure to reason why a blouse of sheer coloured linen slips on over the head-and after all, the designer made it so that both blouse and coiffure escape demolition

▼OW that the holidays are OW that the holidays are over, hints of new spring fashions are in evidence everywhere, and town coats and coats for country use have taken on a distinctly different look. They are shorter than the coats of winter, some are even sleeve length, and others reach to the knee. Materials which are smart for these new coats include the new suède cloth, which so much resembles duvetyn coats include the new suede cloth, which so much resembles duvetyn, and rough tweed mixtures in dark tones; the latter are for coats on the lines of the ulster. Besides these some of the smartest motor coats and wraps (one must call the

some of the smartest motor coats and wraps (one must call them wraps, they so resemble capes) are in heavy wool jersey, lined with soft printed silks or printed chiffons. The coat illustrated at the left of the middle of the page shows one of the newer lengths. This is a coat that might be developed in suède cloth in the new soft jade green shades, or in tobacco brown. If in the latter, the deep shawl col-

green shades, or in tobacco brown. If in the latter, the deep shawl collar, panel front, and turn-back cuffs might be of brown and beige plaid, and the lining might be soft silk in beige with graduated dots in tobacco brown. The coat is cut flaring from the line that seems to mark off a yoke. The front sections fold over each other and the only fastening is a belt which slips through two openings at each side of the straight-hanging panel front.

THE JERSEY QUESTION IS SETTLED

The smart woman with ever so limited an income need no longer be sceptical about the smartness and the serviceability of a tailored frock of wool jersey. In the new shades of tan or grey these frocks appear to better advantage than ever. The frock shown at the bottom of the page is of wool jersey; it slips on over the head and laces or ties at the collar with a navy blue satin cord. The crush belt confines the fullness at the natural waist. The sleeves and pleats at the front are embroidered in a simple design in navy



This blouse, one to be worn with a velvet or satin suit, is of voile and the voile of the new season by the way, is as transparent and fine and as pleasing in its texture as Georgette crêpe

blue silk. The effect is smart. For the earliest days of spring, there is nothing more practical than a tailored dress which may be worn with furs and without a coat. The dress illustrated at the right of the middle of the page resembles a coat and dress, but it is really a coat dress. Twill serge in one of the new shades of tan might be employed for this costume. The under slip which hangs straight and plain with a slight fullness gauged in at the wait thould hangs straight and plain with a slight fullness gauged in at the waist would be effective in satin of the same shade as the serge. The standing collar, which may also be worn low, is faced in the satin. It fastens with three narrow straps of the tan serge and round smoked pearl buttons. The cuffs on the sleeves fall out in a graceful line from the forearm; they are of a very new design.

LINENS AND THE SPRING BLOUSE

The use of fine coloured linens in pastel shades for blouses will probably be as popular this season as last and the blouse at the upper left is one design to follow. It slips on over the head, like a jumper. The collar may be worn high or low. Narrow pleated ruffles of the linen, hand-hemstitching, and tiny buttons covered with the linen, make an attractive finish. Tiny pleats are used in the front, back, and sleeves.

The blouse illustrated at the upper

Wool jersey has now achieved such material weight in fashion that every woman knows how assuredly smart it is for the tailored frock. This one slips on over the head

In pleats are used in the front, back, and sleeves.

The blouse illustrated at the upper right is the type of blouse which may be worn with a velvet or satin suit, to restaurant luncheon or tea; it would be most attractive in fine voile, in flesh, ivory, or dove grey. The pleated front is somewhat hidden below a double jabot of lace. The shawl collar is bound with the voile and the buttonhole loops are of the corded voile. Voile, by the way, is to be one of the most popular materials for spring, for afternoon frocks and evening dresses, as well as for blouses. It is a new variety of voile which is to have this new popularity; a voile that is as sheer and fine and as pleasing in texture as Georgette crêpe.

O U R Y S P R WA R D R E

HETHER or not one goes away, the late winter usually finds the wardrobe in need of additions, if only small ones, and if they are carefully chosen it is possible to accomplish much with comparatively few purchases. New blouses, a new evening frock, and a hat or two, if well chosen, will not only be fresh and new for the late winter, but can be worn well on into the spring. well on into the spring.

THE FROCK OF MANY USES

Another exceedingly practical purchase is a frock of the type of that sketched in the middle of this page. It is, of course, adapted for wear in a warm climate, where its uses are manifold, but it is also charming to wear as a house frock during the cold weather, and its style is new enough to warrant its spring and summer use in the street. It is mostly of dark blue crêpe Georgia, figured with clusters of little brick-red cherries. This material is combined with plain blue crêpe Georgia, which forms the underskirt and the sash, and touches of plain brick-coloured crêpe Georgia, which edges the cuffs and the sash and forms the collar. A tiny knot of cherries made of brick-coloured crêpe Georgia finishes the collar where it crosses in front. The dress may also be had in in front. The dress may also be had in grey crêpe Georgia, with a rose design, in which case the colour scheme of grey and rose is carried out in the same way.

With the frock is sketched a hat which

With the frock is sketched a hat which is decidedly smarter than most of the early spring hats one finds. It fits closely and is worn fairly well down on the head. The small upturned brim is of black lisere straw, while the entire top of the hat is of grey Georgette crêpe, encircled by stiff little grey wings. For wear in town, it is particularly good as a between-seasons hat, for it is only partly of straw, and hats of some fabric combined with a touch combined with a touch of straw are far smarter for early spring wear than are hats all of

NEUTRAL TINTED SPRING

There is a very no-ticeable tendency toticeable tendency to-wards beige, beige grey, dove grey, and similar soft tones for the smart spring colours. Neutral tints of all descriptions promise to be widely used. The beige crêpe Georgia frock, which is sketched at the lower right on this page, would be a charming member of one's spring wardrobe. It has a pleated bodice and tunic trimmed with beaded pleated bodice and tunic trimmed with beaded bands of its own material. The beadwork, which is extremely well done, has a white background with gay purple, red, and yellow flowers. These beaded bands also finish the narrow crêpe Georgia sash and the ends of the white kerchief collar.

With it is a hat of the genus mushroom—a shape which is becoming to almost every woman, and which, therefore, makes its

In the Spring a Woman's Fancy Lightly Turns to Thoughts of Dress



She who is at her best in soft fabrics and filmy frills will be perfectly at home in this frock of wide soft satin ribbon and net frills, each edged with a thread of silver. A band of fine silver lace shows through the net bodice

They say—and they are people who know—that neutral colours are to be the smart colours this spring; hence this bead-trimmed frock of crêpe Georgia, beige in colour. The hat is of green straw and silk, trimmed with fruit

appearance every season. It is of silk and straw woven together, and it is a most colourful affair. It is brilliant green with a futurist ornament in front, consisting of ribbon fruit, the gay colours of which are repeated in the ribbon bands encircling the crown. Burgundy, violet, rose, and blue are the ribbons, and the colours of the fruit include a touch of orange.

WHEN EVENING FALLS

The evening frock sketched at the lower left of this page necessarily loses much of its charm when one sees it only in a black and white sketch. Soft satin in a black and white sketch. Soft satin ribbon, which may be had in white, pink, blue, or other pale colours, is combined with tiny white net ruffles, each edged with a silver thread. Silver lace shows under the net of the bodice, which is finished by a bit of the satin in front. A dress of this sort is charming for the woman or girl to whom soft delicate fabrics and frills are becoming, and it suggests spring in its fabric and in the absence of any heavy trimming.

rics and frills are becoming, and it suggests spring in its fabric and in the absence of any heavy trimming.

In the spring, the jersey suit appears in larger numbers than ever; the jersey suit shows no great changes this season, but is distinguished for its excellence of cloth and of tailoring. Most women have found that there is all the difference in the world between inexpensive jersey suits and those of a good quality, well made. The former quickly pull out of shape and are worse than useless, while the latter wear well, clean perfectly, and keep their well tailored appearance until they wear out. One must be careful, however, to choose a firm quality of jersey cloth. Another very useful model has an unusually well cut coat, the fullness of which is arranged in pleats below the waistline. The upper part

pleats below the waist-line. The upper part of the collar is of white of the collar is of white broadcloth, providing that touch of white near the face which is so becoming. The skirt is pleated with a pocket, at one side and the buttonholes are bound with white to match the collar. It may be had in blue, green, rose, or purple. The smart hat worn with it has a brim of fibre and silk woven together, and a satin striped faille crown and bow. It may be had in brown, purple, or navy brown, purple, or navy

blue. A suit invaluable to the energetic woman is of the deservedly popular gabardine, that material which popular gabardine, that material which is particularly appropriate for the coming season. It, too, wears and cleans well, and it is extremely cool and light in weight. This model is most simple of design, with a novel collar, the design of which is suggested again in pockets and cuffs. The suit may be had in a wide variety of colours, as well as in the natural pongee shade and in oyster white. It is good in grey or brown, as well as in some other colours, but it is far smarter in the natural shade or in oyster white.

SMART FASHIONS FOR LIMITED INCOMES

Spring, the Season of Imagination, Is upon Us, and Its Fancy Takes New Shape in Coloured Linen Blouses, Tailored Dresses, and Shortened Motor-coats



It is not for a coiffure to reason why a blouse of sheer coloured linen slips on over the head and after all, the designer made it so that both blouse and coiffure escape demolition

YOW that the holidays are OW that the holidays are over, hints of new spring fashions are in evidence everywhere, and town coats and coats for country use have taken on a distinctly different look. They are shorter than the coats of winter, some are even sleeve length, and others reach to the knee. Materials which are smart for these new coats include the new suède cloth, which so much resembles duvetyn.

coats include the new suède cloth, which so much resembles duvetyn, and rough tweed mixtures in dark tones; the latter are for coats on the lines of the ulster. Besides these some of the smartest motor coats and wraps (one must call them wraps, they so resemble capes) are in heavy wool jersey, lined with soft printed silks or printed chiffons.

The coat illustrated at the left of the middle of the page shows

The coat illustrated at the left of the middle of the page shows one of the newer lengths. This is a coat that might be developed in suède cloth in the new soft jade green shades, or in tobacco brown. If in the latter, the deep shawl collar, panel front, and turn-back cuffs might be of brown and beige plaid, and the lining might be soft silk in beige with graduated dots in tobacco brown. The coat is cut flaring from the line that seems to mark off a yoke. The front sections fold over each other and the only fastening is a belt which slips through two openings at each side of the straight-hanging panel front.

THE JERSEY QUESTION IS SETTLED

The smart woman with ever so limited The smart woman with ever so limited an income need no longer be sceptical about the smartness and the serviceability of a tailored frock of wool jersey. In the new shades of tan or grey these frocks appear to better advantage than ever. The frock shown at the bottom of the page is of wool jersey; it slips on over the head and laces or ties at the collar with a navy blue satin cord. The crush belt confines the fullness at the natural waist. The sleeves and pleats at the front are embroidered in a simple design in navy



The coat-dress is cunningly devised to look like both. Satin for the underslip and twill serge for the rest of it would find favour with the mode and the woman

Wool jersey has now achieved such material weight in fashion that every woman knows how assuredly smart it is for the tailored frock. This one slips on over the head

blue silk. The effect is smart. For the earliest days of spring, there is nothing more practical than a tailored dress which may be worn with furs and without a coat. The tailored dress which may be worn with furs and without a coat. The dress illustrated at the right of the middle of the page resembles a coat and dress, but it is really a coatdress. Twill serge in one of the new shades of tan might be employed for this costume. The under slip which hangs straight and plain with a slight fullness gauged in at the waist would fullness gauged in at the waist would be effective in satin of the same shade as the serge. The standing collar, which may also be worn low, is faced in the satin. It fastens with three narrow straps of the tan serge and round smoked pearl buttons. The cuffs on the sleeves fall out in a graceful line from the forearm; they are of a very new design.

This blouse, one to be worn with a velvet or satin suit, is of voile, and the voile of the new season, by the way, is as transparent and fine and as pleasing in its texture as Georgette crêpe

LINENS AND THE SPRING BLOUSE

The use of fine coloured linens in pastel shades for blouses will probably be as popular this season as last and the blouse at the upper left is one design to follow. It slips on over the head, like a jumper. The

over the head, like a jumper. The collar may be worn high or low. Narrow pleated ruffles of the linen, hand-hemstitching, and tiny buttons covered with the linen, make an attractive finish. Tiny pleats are used in the front, back, and sleeves.

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NEUTRAL TINTED SPRING

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CUSHIONS COME IN THROUGH WHEN

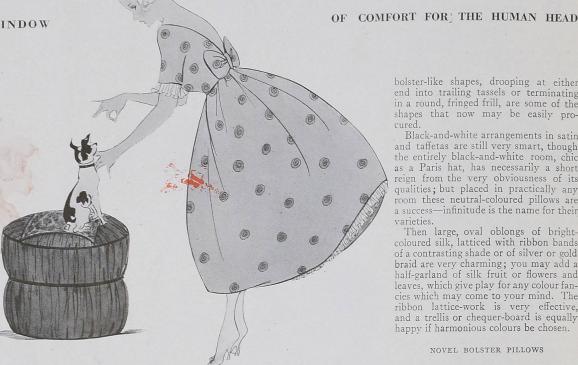
DOORWAY DISCOMFORT THE

OUT OF THE WINDOW FLIES

THERE is one accessory to the modern home of which the use and popularity have remained untouched by war economy. In fact the harder and more strenuous the life of the inwates of the home the In fact the harder and more strenuous the life of the inmates of the home, the more beloved and seductive and desired has become the soft and downy cushion. When you work all day in hospital, office, or canteen, in the evening a luxurious armchair or a comfortable corner in a yielding sofa is certainly your well-earned due; even the most energetic can have nothing to say against the bestowal of care and forethought on the acquisition of these downy and soothing milestones on the stern path which has become that of everyday life in these days.

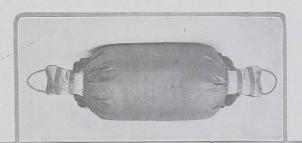
THE STOP-AT-HOME WOMAN

There remain a few women, of course, who stop in their homes and take care of them and see to it that they are always charming havens of rest for the tired ones—men and women who spend their time in outside pursuits. This stop-athome woman is still interested in the decorative value as well as the utility of everything she has around her. Let us everything she has around her. Let us be thankful that her type has not been entirely swept away, as it would be indeed entirely swept away, as it would be indeed a dingy world were every beautiful external allowed to lapse into disrepain. Most things pertaining to the aesthetic are in a fairly bad way. Picture shows no longer give you the eager thrill of anticipation of pre-war days, and though many people are bursting with ideas for interior decoration, they only arrive at the stage of discussion and never come into being. But cushions—small objects, though most important in the decorative and practical scheme of a room—can be and practical scheme of a room—can be looked at from the point of view of an unpretentious outlet for all sorts of original notions and inventions.



The terrier knows full well that true ease rests in the direction of this charming poulf, but his mistress is aware of this, too, and when he has made his bow and taken his dismissal she will take it in search of its proper niche by the fireside

CUSHIONS FROM MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE



bolster-like shapes, drooping at either end into trailing tassels or terminating in a round, fringed frill, are some of the shapes that now may be easily pro-cured.

SLEEPING DOGS LIE-BUT NOT

THESE LOVELY CUSHIONS SO FULL

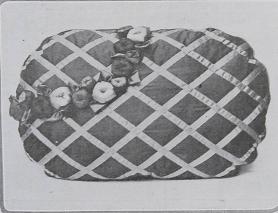
cured.

Black-and-white arrangements in satin and taffetas are still very smart, though the entirely black-and-white room, chic as a Paris hat, has necessarily a short reign from the very obviousness of its qualities; but placed in practically any room these neutral-coloured pillows are a success—infinitude is the name for their varieties. varieties.

Then large, oval oblongs of bright-coloured silk, latticed with ribbon bands of a contrasting shade or of silver or gold braid are very charming; you may add a half-garland of silk fruit or flowers and leaves, which give play for any colour fancies which may come to your mind. The ribbon lattice-work is very effective, and a trellis or chequer-board is equally happy if harmonious colours be chosen.

NOVEL BOLSTER PILLOWS

A new and very charming form of cushion is a bolster pillow of shot taffeta silk, gathered at the ends with padded silk, gathered at the ends with padded silk panels, each terminating in a strong silk loop with bunches of richly-hued fruit clustering closely at either side of the panels. The point of this pillow is the fact that it is a chair-back, and can be fixed by means of its loops across a chair to fit the nape of the neck, avoiding that perpetual tendency to slip, which is so worrying, or it may be slung crossways to soften life for a tired back. Made in several colours, it is specially charming in blue or green shot silk with panels of pale yellow and deep, purplish-red fruit. A large, square pillow with no pretence to originality of shape, makes a gay patch of colour when it is covered with a mauve and pink flowered silk with small clusters

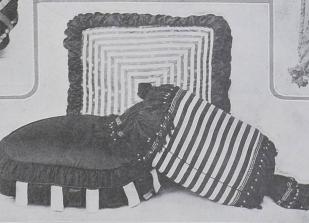


Mainly a support for some aching head this bolster-shaped cushion is made of green and blue shot silk with yellow clusters of richly-coloured fruit panel ends, and that is the long and the short of it

Every cushion tells a story of fireside delights; this one of purple silk with lattice of yellow ribbon and garland of wine-coloured fruit, is also reminiscent of the trellis-worked corner of some summer garden

A row of them along a wide sofa-back may almost of itself lend a definite note to the whole room. Their shapes may be so varied in these days that those people who have unsymmetrical minds need have no two cushions alike in their rooms.

Round, oval, square, or oblong, or long,



Beauty and utility and black and white stripes all run a race in the making of these cushions, and resulting in a tie near the goal of perfection

Nowadays four corners may seem un-eventful in the way of a cushion, but some-times a square strip of dainty mauve and pink flowered brocade proves full of the softest swansdown

of fruit or little bouquets at each corner; a rucked border of drawn silk adds a modern note, in fact, cushions seem to offer the most accessible field in which one may easily and successfully bring to birth personal ideas and tastes, which are always the most interesting in the decoration of a room. tion of a room.

VOGUE PATTERN SERVICE



Frock No. B3656. The front of the bodice and the capacious pockets are smartly cut in one piece. Sizes 16 and 18 years



Coat No. B3651; skirt No. B3652. The new Norfolk coat has many buttons and tops a two-piece skirt. Sizes 16 and 18 years

Although Our Hems May Do As They Choose Seldom Do They Choose to Flare; Costumes That Know Thoroughly the Law of Simplicity



Waist No. B3658; skirt No. B3659. Blue serge embroidered in dull red, with red buttons, would be smart for this model. Sizes 16 to 18 years



Waist No. B3653; skirt No. B3654. A spring frock of satin or serge above the commonplace. Sizes 16 and 18 years



A complete description of these and the following patterns will be found on page 72



Frock No. B3648. The serge coat-dress of to-day is at its best trimmed with a bit of embroidery and belted with suède







Verdi's Crème Veloutée

The Perfect Face Cream

IT is "TRUE ECONOMY" to provide oneself with the best. The best article is always cheaper in the end, and there is also the added pleasure of having something which gives you real satisfaction. Mme. Verdi's famous CREME VELOUTÉE is a strong case in point. All users of this GREAT FACE CREAM are enthusiastic in their recommendations of its exquisite qualities.

IT gives you that clean and transparent look which is so much sought after and admired among the best groomed of English women; it keeps the skin in a perfect state of health, and prevents open pores and skin relaxation.

IT is in great demand by beautiful women all over the world, and those who have been fortunate enough to use it would not be without their delicious CRÈME VELOUTÉE at any cost.

IT is NOT a vanishing cream nor is it a "greasy" skin food, and contains none of the substances usually found in cheaper creams.

IT is procurable only at Mme. Verdi's, who possesses the sole proprietary rights of this world-renowned preparation.

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Face Specialist 109 New Bond Street London W

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PRICE 5/-POST FREE

A SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION combines the valuable properties of Radium and Pilocarpine, the former bringing the roots of the hair into a thoroughly healthy condition, and the latter promoting a new crop, of the original colour

Effectually CURES SPECIAL GREYHAIR without the use of any lead, sulphur or other harmful substance. RADIUM SKINFOOD 2/6 per pot.

A.NELSON&Co. Radium Water Manufacturers

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ROYAL LETTERS PATENT UNOBTAINABLE ELSEWHERE Especially designed to create proper balance for the figure through changing proportions, and is capable of the necessary expansion without removal of any fastening Many Designs for day or evening wear WRITE FOR

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

Morning Coat, of soft blue tweed with striped velvet collar and long revers of tweed. Full plain skirt 9 GUINEAS



Dainty Dinner Gown, with skirt of dull satin, edged at foot with narrow band of jet. The bodice has fichu and sleeves of fine black net and rose of carmine.

113 GUINEAS



This is the Barri Collapsible Cot, which packs flat in a waterproof case for travelling

For full details of the Cot illustrated, also of "Old World" and other Cots,

dainty hand-made Layettes, kindly write for catalogue



BARRI 72 Baker Street



GANESH Hair Treatment



ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT FOR FALLING HAIR.

Removes all dandruff, promotes the growth, prevents greyness, and makes the hair bright and glossy.

A CLIENT WRITES:

DEAR MADAM,—I find your hair tonic splendid. Since using it, my hair, which looked so thin and faded, is now quite abundant, with a lovely gloss. I shall be everlastingly grateful to you for the improvement in my appearance. I am, faithfully yours,

(Original of above and other testimonials can be seen.)

A Perfect, Proved, Reliable, Safe Treatment to be used in your own home

Frangipani Hair Tonic and Barocarpine Ointment, comprising the complete treatment, $15/\mbox{-}$ inclusive.

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your hands are apt to become chafed with the cold or wind you will find that a few drops of "Ess Viotto" will quickly restore their natural beauty and softness.

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The finest scent in a simple bott

5/9 12/6 23/6

HANDS

Wholesale: H. BRONNLEY & Co. Ltd. London W.



NEW YORK DANCES for the ALLIES and DRESSES for the AUTOMOBILE

(Continued from page 21)

alas, such is the selfishness of youthalas, such is the selfishness of youth—always confine herself to knitting socks for the soldiers. One may be more likely to find her making herself a gay sweater or fashioning a warm scarf to wrap around her own pretty neck. All sorts of devices have been contrived for the convenience of the yoman who knits. Among them is of the woman who knits. Among them is a version of the familiar knitter's bracea version of the familiar knitter's brace-let, a little affair of gold, consisting of a bracelet from which there hangs a small chain; this chain is attached to a gold bar that is passed through the ball of wool, preventing it from rolling to the floor, as balls are property do.

At these afternoon teas may be noted the pretty blouses which women are wearing this season. The secret of smartness in these blouses often lies in that part of in these blouses often lies in that part of the blouse which extends below the waist, for the Russian blouse is the mode of the moment, and promises to continue to be the smart waist for the spring. At present, these blouses are usually made of some soft material, either of the same shade of the suit or in a colour to afford a decided contrast, and the only trimming is a bit of embroidery about the neck and cuffs and perhaps a tassel at the end of the sash. Embroidery in worsted is very effective on these blouses, and one sees a great deal of it.

THE NEW "APRON" BLOUSE

A particularly smart blouse seen recently is sketched at the left on page 21. It is of chiffon, plain in front and with a square collar which hangs to within two or three inches of the waist-line in the back. Attached to the front is a small "apron" of gathered lace about five inches long and seven inches wide, and from the sides of the apron there emerges a sash which ties in a bow at the back and another little bow in the front, completely covering the band of the skirt beneath.

neath.

It is also apparent at these afternoon affairs that the cape is again a modish garment. Frequently the capes are of fur, but sometimes they are of the material of the gown which is worn beneath them, as in the case of the costume sketched at the right on page 21. The gown of Burgundy velvet was quite full as to the skirt, although it fell in straight lines; across the front only extended a tunic which fell to a little below the knee and which, though it was banded with beaver did not flare greatly. The point of the whole costume was the cape which accompanied the frock and which matched

it as to material. This cape was gathered in at the top just enough to give a barely sufficient width at the bottom. The beaver collar stood away from the neck at the back and crossed surplice-fashion in the front. When the wearer used her arms, the cape tightened at the bottom in a way which was quaint and attractive. Her Burgundy velvet hat was banded close to the face with beaver.

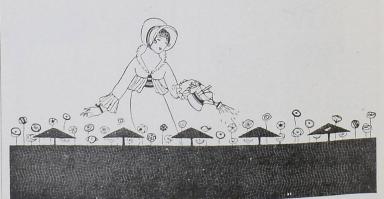
Chiffon is being used to a very appre-

banded close to the face with beaver. Chiffon is being used to a very appreciable extent instead of Georgette crêpe, and it is predicted that for spring it will in a measure supplant the latter material. Crêpe de Chine is also very popular. It has been a number of seasons since this practical and becoming material has been fashionable, and it is pleasant to learn that the couturiers have turned their attention to this ostracized texture. their attention to this ostracized texture.

WHISPERS OF SPRING

In the early spring models, one sees not only new materials but now and then a distinctly new line. From these clothes may be obtained the first hint of a silhouette slimmer at the feet than at the hips—a line which is so new that it is impossible as yet to say whether it will find a permanent place in the fashions. This line is exemplified in the costume which appears at the bottom of page 21, which appears at the bottom of page 21, and which recently appeared at a fashionable lunch at the Ritz. The material of the gown is very light weight navy blue serge with hair-line stripes of tan and brick red. The hat which accompanies it is also notable. It is of dull black felt, and all around the brim there are applied flat strips of black velvet which taper as they approach the crown. Where these strips of velvet come up on the crown there are rosettes of very narthe crown there are rosettes of very nar-row black ribbon, and in the centre of these rosettes are tiny porcelain drops in tan and brick red, to match the

In the scason's footwear there are not a few cloth-top shoes, and this fact is significant. Owing to the great shortage of leather occasioned by the extraordinary demands of the war, the closing of the foreign tanneries, and the difficulty attending the importation of skins from Russia, some of the good makers of shoes are using cloth in the fashioning of their models, and very good results are at times obtained. Very smart, also, are the low shoes with toes of kid in a soft beige and sides of cloth in a slightly lighter tone. These shoes are laced, as are many of the smartest low shoes of the spring. the scason's footwear there are smartest low shoes of the spring.





"Firm, Sturdy and Strong."

56, East Dulwich Grove, East Dulwich, S.E.,
Dear Sirs, November 8th, 1916.
I feel I must tell you what Virol has done for our boy. At
the age of 6 months he could not take any foods that were
given him, nothing suited him, and I think we tried everything.
At last we were strongly advised to try Virol, which we did,

In Glass & Stone Jars, 1/-, 1/8, & 2/11.

and were delighted at having found something that really agreed with him.

He is now 2 years old, and is very firm, sturdy and strong, and compares more than favourably with children we know who are 3 and 4 years old.

Yours faithfully, P. C. HARRIS

Yours faithfully, P. C. HARRIS

VIROL, LTD., 148-166, Old Street, E.C. BRITISH MADE, BRITISH OWNED.

The only successful Method for removing all traces of age



By a new scientific method, known as the Hystogen By a new scientific method, known as the Hystogen Treatment, facial blemishes are corrected in a tew minutes. The face after the treatment is years younger. Puffs, rings, wrinkles, and flabbiness around the eyes are removed, hollows in face and neck disappear, sagging face is lifted, and the contour of your youth restored. These remarkable results are accomplished without the use of massage, lotions, creams, pomades, steaming, or paraffin injection. The Hystogen method has superseded all old, time-worn remedies. It is the only system which absolutely removes every ugly blemish from the face, either the result of age or any other cause. One call, and you leave without a trace of the former defects on your face.

Try this simple experiment for yourself and prove the truth

Try this simple experiment for yourself and prove the truth underlying this new method. Stand in front of your mirror, d, with the finger-tips, smooth up the loose skin as shown in illustration; you will then see what a wonderful difference his slight, alteration makes in your appearance—yet it is but an ion of what is accomplished every day without the least uniform.

inconvenience.
Call or write for Dr. Willi's booklet, "Facial Perfection" (sent sealed on receipt of 3d, for postage). Hours from 10 to 5.

Dr. C. H. WILLI,
17 Baker St. Portman Square, London W. Established 1907.

SESSEL PEARLS



SESSEL Pearls are the finest reproductions existing. They are made by a secret and scientific process, which imparts to them the same sheen, delicacy of tone, texture, and durability of Genuine Oriental Pearls.

Beautiful Necklet of SESSELPEARLS, as illustration, in fitted case, with 18-carat Gold Clasp.

£4 4 0

Real Diamond Clasps and Sessel Pearl, Emerald, Sapphire, or Ruby centre, from

Sessel Pearl Earrings, Studs, Scarf Pins, Rings with Solid Gold Mountings, from £1 10 0

£2 2 0

BROCHURE No. 23 ON REQUEST, POST FREE.

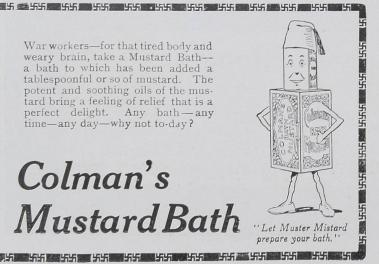
Old Gold, Silver, Diamonds, etc., taken in exchange or purchased for cash.

SESSEL (Bourne, Ltd.)

14 & 14a New Bond Street, London W.

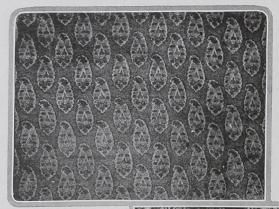
War workers-for that tired body and weary brain, take a Mustard Batha bath to which has been added a tablespoonful or so of mustard. The potent and soothing oils of the mustard bring a feeling of relief that is a perfect delight. Any bath—any time—any day—why not to-day?

Colman's Mustard Bath



SIDE THE MATERIAL SPRING

(Continued from page 37)



A printed shantung, blue, green, mauve, and white on a pastel blue ground, has a delightfully prim little pattern suggesting visions of an amusing and quite individual morning room. It is admittedly undesirable to live too long unaestrapte to tree too long in the same surround-ings; this design might furnish one with the in-spiration for a simple but complete metamorphosis of the meeting of the morning room

rather thicker shantung, showing poppies, hare-bells, and other wild flowers. It would make delightful curtains for any informal type of room



Below is seen a figured crêpe, printed in delicate pastel shades, particularly suitable for blouses or light summer frocks. These materials, being hand printed, have an individual charm not to be found in any machine-printed article



Figured crêpe proves an admirable foundation to any decorative scheme for the individual or the house

above, a printed crêpe de Chine, the convinced modernist should at last be satisfied. From it she will probably evolve cushions, négligées, and a thousand other delightful things

produced some of the loveliest colours yet seen in the western material world.

seen in the western material world.

The idea of all this work and energy was "to introduce eclecticism and refinement to the surroundings of the home and its inmates." People generally rather like what they have in their homes whether it be refined or no, but the sight of these softly hanging tissues radiating gay colours rouses envy in the heart of the most unenterprising person. A white silk unenterprising person. A white silk muslin strewn with pale ethereal flowers makes lovely coverings for London windows, counteracting unattractive or dingy outside surroundings. The tall curtains on either side of the window would be charming made of flowered shantung, lined with

plain silk of a clear colour; there is one particular pattern which is attractive for a morning-room. The mere sight of it at the start of the day is enough to ensure cheery and unruffled temper for many hours. It has a rather small pattern of formal field flowers, red poppies, blue daisies with violet hearts, violet flowers with blue centres, and pinky gold hairbells, all on a corn-coloured ground. This is only one of many equally charming patterns in a great variety of fabrics produced by this house, every material being stamped with the mark of discriminating taste, some within easy reach of the most slender purse.



Red, blue, green, and yellow on a black crêpe de Chine ground should in itself prove a tonic to jaded nerves: combined with the electrifying design seen to the left they should raise decorative enthusiasm in the most dormant dormant



Get the Genuine, Original Sanatogen and Formamint

There is nothing like Sanatogen for the Nerves, and Formamint for Sore Throat

SPORTING offer! Chuck us over ten tins of Sanatogen and we will stop strafing you for the rest of the day.

During a lull in a long artillery duel in Flanders, some British officers chalked this message on a blackboard, which they hoisted above the trench; and the incident was afterwards reported in the London newspapers.

Nothing could show more vividly how Sanatogen has been missed during the War by those who are most in need of its strengthening and invigorating properties.

The right way to capture German Trade

Why should the Germans alone have the benefit of this splendid nerve food and our own people be deprived of it?

The German firm's factories and special machinery are here in England, and so is the British chemical and technical staff whom they trained to manufacture their products.

What better service could be rendered to the nation's health and to British trade than to take over all the assets of the German firm and manufacture genuine Sanatogen and Formamint

manufacture genuine Sanatogen and Formamint for ourselves and our Allies, thus making us independent of the German supply, which we could not otherwise dispense with after the War? An all-British Syndicate, headed by Lord Rhondda, has at last been permitted to do this; with the result that instead of putting up with inferior substitutes you can now buy the genuine, original Sanatogen and Formamint, knowing that they are absolutely and permanently British, and that they cannot fail to benefit your health as you proved them to do in the past.

Give Sanatogen and Formamint a Personal Test

Perhaps you are one of those who have never tried Sanatogen or Formamint? Even so, you must have heard of their exceptional merits, and you probably know plenty of people who "swear by them." The way these products have been talked about in Parliament and the Press—the enormous number of substitutes which have sprung up during the War—have only served to enlighten the Public as to the unique superiority of the genuine articles. unique superiority of the genuine articles.

Try them to-day. Your health and nerve power have probably suffered from the strain of

wartime, and a short course of Sanatogen will wartime, and a short course of Sanatogen will make a lifelong convert of you. (It is sold in tins from 1/9 to 9/6, and it costs you about 6d. a day—less than most people spend on tea and coffee or other stimulants.) As for Formamint, a bottle of 50 tablets, price 2/2, will quickly convince you that it is an ideal remedy for sore throat and for preventing infectious diseases like Diphtheria, Tonsillitis, Scarlet Fever, Measles, etc., as well as certain forms of Influenza and Consumption. enza and Consumption.

An Explanation and a Warning

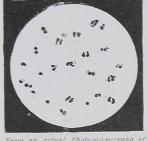
As the names Sanatogen and Formamint were registered by the German firm in this country, they have now been "voided."

This means that any worthless substitute can now be called Sanatogen or Formamint, though we alone have the genuine, original products.

It is therefore important that you should tell your Chemist you want Sanatogen made in the Penzance factory, and Formamint made in the factory at 12, Chenies Street, London, W.C.

As soon as possible we shall re-name the preparations and issue new distinctive labels and trade marks, which will be widely announced in the Press, thus protecting you against substitution.





YOU meet myriads of these organisms every day.

THE Catarrh microbe is the most common form of microbe which enters the system through the mouthcausing the ordinary cold, and eventually chronic catarrh of the nose or throat.

Bacteriologists assert that the activities of this form of microbe can be prevented best by the frequent use of

EVANS? Pastilles

The effective precautionary measure against the Microbes of influenza, catarrh, diphtheria, pneumonia, etc.

Every man and woman needs these handy, easily-taken Pastilles—not only as a cure for sore throat, catarrh, loss of voice, etc., but also as a sound and definite precaution against the myriads of deadly microbes encountered in the day's work.

Trench These famous Pastilles are splendid Odours for preventing the unpleasant effects resulting from trench odours, and our soldiers should be kept well supplied. Odours

To be obtained from

all Chemists and Stores,



Post Free

Order a box at once for yourself or your soldier or sailor friend. In case of difficulty write to the Proprieters enclosing prietors enclosing P. O. for 1/3— the Pastilles will be sent direct by return.

Evans Sons Lescher 8 Webb, Ltd.

56 Hanover St. Liverpool

TURNING OVER NEW LEAVES

The Book of Snobesses-How "Maria" Holds the Social Fort in War Time-Tributes in Prose and Verse to Heroic Service and Simple Gallantry

mans used to love to call Bismarck—"the einzig einer"—the one and only, the unique specimen of her kind and class. unique specimen of her kind and class. The class is upper middle; the kind—but then nobody has ever been able to define Maria. She is the snob par excellence, but she is infinitely more than that. She is the acutest of observers, and she has the power of recording her observations in words which at first make us laugh at their absurdity, and then give us the surprise of our life as we realize their profound sense. Maria reels off epic epigram as absent-mindedly as, say, England acquired her Colonies But these Colonies which have sent us their young sons in our need—gentlemen their young sons in our need—gentlemen all, patriots all, heroes all—are not more the "real goods" than is Maria. Her remarks on men and matters have had a wide range of late years, and now, as we might have expected, in her wide skirts made to disclose the fashionable amount of ankle, she is taking the war in her stride. Here, as always, she has the oddest point of view. But the truth jumps out at us through her chatter. For instance, as she justly observes, the Kaiser, "who just loves to travel," will have a difficulty in pursuing his favourite amusement after the war, for what spot on God's earth is there left for him, where he could be spared from feeling "awkward?"

Maria's war activities are, of course, multitudinous, and include other things

Maria's war activities are, or toolise, multitudinous, and include other things than buying washing soda, just to keep her spirits up; that being the only thing she can still get for a penny a pound! Nor are they exclusively inspired by a desire to lighten Mr. Atkins's lot. "The fact is," she tells us, candidly, "you've really got to do something nowadays, or you're not in it!" to which statement Mrs. John Lane, with that half pathetic, half merry wisdom of hers makes the comment, "then I realized for the first time that there may be other agonies, but the old agony of not being in it, is still ever present." Mrs. Dill-Binkie, Maria's successful social rival, was "in it," you may be sure, though her way of doing her bit was to turn her house into a rest-cure for convalescent officers, "the kind that need the comforts of home, and are well enough to play multitudinous, and include other things

a rest-cure for convalescent officers, "the kind that need the comforts of home, and are well enough to play bridge," and to look "stylish" in her uniform. Maria having a frugal as well as a climbing mind saw the advantages of war-dinners—"just war-dinners, without entrées or ices, and barley-water instead of champagne." "So economical!" murmured Maria, gratefully, to herself, although it is improbable that her thankfulness was shared by her guests.

Maria's activities became acute in the matter of war hens. She invested in the breed of fowl known as Pilgrim Mothers, and having housed them in her husband's study, waited for results. Unfortunately, the little matter of the birds turning out to be Pilgrim Fathers deprived Maria of her expected war eggs. On the epochmaking matter of margarine v. dairy butter, which is at present dividing families and severing friendships, Maria is eloquent. And it was margarine that gave her the chance to score over the hated Mrs. Dill-Binkie. At a war-lunch of the latter's, as meagre as her own wardinners, which was graced by the presence of a shabby but snubby Duchess, and at which her hostess purposefully and at which her hostess purposefully

RS. JOHN LANE'S "Maria" cold-shouldered Maria, the latter had the presence of mind to pick out a ball from the butter-dish with a fork, and inquire acters. She is what the Gerweetly, "Still using margarine, dear cold-shouldered Maria, the latter had the presence of mind to pick out a ball from the butter-dish with a fork, and inquire sweetly, "Still using margarine, dear Mrs. Dill-Binkie?" But the most succint of all Maria's speeches is the one which concludes the book. It was a propos of giving notice to servants that Maria suddenly observed, "I'm wondering if anybody 'd ever dare to give him notice!" The individual referred to was the Kaiser! ("War Phases According to Maria." By Mrs. John Lane. The Bodley Head. 2s. 6d. net.)

THE CANADIAN KIPLING

Canada had the right to be almost sinfully proud of the poems of Robert W. Service "befo' the war." He sang of her big spaces and the primitive, racy folk who peopled them. And the Dominion knew that his work was good, and hailed him as "the Canadian Kipling." "Songs of a Sourdough," "Ballads of a Cheechako," "Rhymes of a Rolling Stone"—they have

him as "the Canadian Kipling." "Songs of a Sourdough," "Ballads of a Cheechako," "Rhymes of a Rolling Stone"—they have all passed into many editions. There are homely bits in all of them that jump to a man's mind as he ploughs his furrow or wields his pick, and that somehow help him along with his job, by making it seem worth while.

Nowadays a man's job is to win back freedom for the world by strafing the Hun into good behaviour. That to bring about this desirable consummation he has "to enter Hell with the lid off," is all part of the day's work. If Robert W. Service had stopped at home, instead of doing his bit where the shells are flying the half of him had never been known either to himself or us. He was Canada's poet before. Now he is the poet of us all.

poet before. Now he is the poet of us all.

The book has a dedication, very simple, very touching:—"To the Memory of my Brother, Lieutenant Albert Service, Canadian Infantry. Killed in Action in France, August, 1916." Just that. But we know without being told that Lieutenant Albert Service, Canadian Infantry, "went as the best of 'em go."

Robert W. Service has "tinkered at his bits of rhymes" in curious places; and on stretchers, whose stains tell their own grisly story. But Mr. Tommy Atkins and his friend the poilu have fought in all these places, and in all of them their jolly laugh has rung out. Mr. Service has caught the sound of that brave laughter, just as he has caught the equally brave silence in which the pain is borne. And for the dead boys, whose life had only just begun, but who lie beneath the little wooden crosses, he has a pal's pride.

Mr. Service's fiehting men set out to

little wooden crosses, he has a parspride.

Mr. Service's fighting men set out to "plug the Boche" in good fettle. Mr. Atkins varied his beloved "Tipperary" with the dulcet strains of "Oo's Yer Lady Friend," while his pal, the poilu, "'owled the Marcelaisey." They couldn't have put it in so many words, many of them, why they were out for battle. They just "gotta go" the road the other good men were going, or, like the Man from Athabasca, had no sort of notion of missing the "biggest scrap" of their lives. Theirs it was to touch the extremity of horror and pain; to feel the funk which "makes your marrer-bones seem 'oller," but which doesn't prevent you shooting straight; to hear the "'Un a-snarling is 'ymn of 'ate"; to see the quiet dead, "their faces covered wiv a little 'eap of

(Continued on page 72)



DISSOLVES AND ELIMINATES URIC ACID

Gout Gravel Arterio-Sclerosis Rheumatism Acidity Obesity Sciatica Neuralgia Catarrh

Recommended by the Medical Profession in England and abroad

URODONAL, prices 5/- and 12/-. Prepared by J. L. Chatelain, Pharm. Chemist, Paris. Can be obtained from all chemists, or direct, post free, from the British Agents, HEPPELLS, Foreign Chemists, 164 Piccadilly, London W., from whom can be obtained, post free, the full explanatory booklets, "Scientific Remedies," and "Treatise on Diet."

Agents in Canada: Messrs. ROUGIER FREES, 63 Rue Notre Dame Est. Montreal, Canada.

Agent in U.S.A.: Morsieur GEO. WALLAU, 2, 4, 6 Cliff Street, New York, U.S.A.

Agent for Australia and New Zealand: BASIL KING Malcolm Building, Malcolm Lane,

Sub-Agents for India, Burma, and Ceylon: G. ATHERTON & CO. 8 Clive Street, Calcutta.

Medical Opinion on Rheumatism.

N Rheumatic Conditions it is indispensable to eliminate uric acid and urates, and to prevent their excessive production.

If it were a question of merely preventing the over-production of uric acid it would then be simply a matter of diet, since the greater part of exogenous uric acid originates from the purins contained in food. In this connection Dr. Lebovici gives excellent advice regarding the abuse of certain kinds of meat, as well as starchy foods, chocolate, alcohol, etc.

Still more interesting, however, is the means of *getting rid* of the excess of uric acid when it has already been formed, and when the kidneys are no longer equal to their task without danger of over-strain.

This is best effected by URODONAL, which is a granulated, effervescent powder, a combination of lysidin, sidonal (quinate of piperazin), and urotropin. The rapidity of the effects of URODONAL borders on the miraculous. This is readily explained when we consider that sidonal and lysidin (whose valuable properties are multiplied by being combined together) are the best known solvents of uric acid, and that urotropin, which is so easily converted into volatile ammonia and formic aldehyde, is unrivalled for the healing of the placerated microus membrane.

It is not surprising, therefore, that by rationally combining these three substances a new product can be obtained which concentrates the great power of its constituent parts to such a degree as to render it five times more active than piperazin, and thirty-seven times more active than lithia. URODONAL possesses the further unusual advantage of being absolutely harmless, and that it can therefore be taken without risk, and without in any way inconveniencing the heart, stomach, kidneys, or brain, even when prescribed in large doses over extended periods of time.

Dr. DE DREUIL,
Paris Medical Faculty.

LEAVES | PATTERN DESCRIPTIONS TURNING OVER NEW

(Continued from page 70)

straw." "Just whistle 'Tipperary,' and

straw." "Just whistle 'Tipperary,' and it all comes back," says Mr. Service.

They were of all sorts and conditions, these soldier men. There was the individual whose Bible stopped a bullet from going through his heart, and the gambler whose pack of cards performed the same satisfactory service for him. But nearest of them all to our hearts is "'Erbert Iggins." 'Erbert, wounded, bleeding, red-hot with pain and thirst, brought in his wounded pal from the very jaws of death, and, when the rescuing jaws of death, and, when the rescuing party met them, managed his grin all

right. So:—

"'E e comes the rescuin' party.

They're crawlin' out cautious and slow.

Come! Buck up and greet 'em, my

'earty, Shoulder to shoulder—so. They mustn't think we was down-'earted. Old pal, we was never down-'earted.

Old pal, we was never down-earted. If they arsts us if we was down-'earted, We'll 'owl in their fyces: 'No—o—o!''

Thus Robert W. Service, with a laugh on his lips and a catch in his throat, singing the world its war-songs. ("Rhymes of a Red Cross Man." By Robert W. Service, Lipping as do not.) Unwin. 3s. 6d. net.)

SERBIA'S POIGNANT STORY

It is often a reproach that we do not know history, but at least it might be thought we should be well informed of the world's happenings of this year and last. The truth is the world is too crowded with events of first-rate imporcrowded with events of first-rate importance, and we cannot keep pace with them. For instance, we know of Serbia's heroic defence in the autumn and winter of 1914 against Austria; we know that a year later Serbia was over-run by the Germans, and vaguely we know that the valour of the gallant little people was taxed a thousandfold by the dread epidemic of typhus. Of the poignant story in detail very few know anything. It is a story which is in every way worthy to rank with the effort of Belgium to stop the ruthless Prussian invader at her very frontier; in certain aspects it is an even frontier; in certain aspects it is an even more moving story of endeavour against odds more terrible even than those which confronted the Belgians.

confronted the Belgians.

Mr. Gordon Gordon-Smith's account of the Serbian Campaign from the first days of the war till the remnants—very substantial remnants—happily managed to escape to Salonika or the shores of the Adriatic, is invaluable for its authenticity. Mr. Gordon-Smith writes of great tragedy and noble effort, and incidentally his book affords no mean idea of the adventures for which the mere newspaper correspondent has to be prepared if he would discharge his duties faithfully and thoroughly. To be prepared if he would discharge his duties faithfully and thoroughly. To follow the campaign here is impossible and unnecessary. All we need say is that every man and woman in England who would understand the part played by Serbia, and appreciate the mistakes of diplomacy and statesmanship not less than the heroic qualities which could not make them good, should read "Through the Serbian Campaign." Nor is it only from the military or

Nor is it only from the military or political point of view that the story is worth close study. Nowhere shall we get a more vivid picture of the almost increasible of the story of the st incredible achievements of doctors and Rt. Hon. Lord Reay.)

There was more than enough to do in coping with the suffering in-separable from the war itself, but when typhus seized the Serbians—an Austrian legacy—and doctors and devoted women succumbed with their patients, the hor-rors of the situation became almost insupportable. It is summed up in Lady Paget's phrase, "a nightmare of remem-brance." Lady Paget's unit commenced brance." Lady Paget's unit commenced work with two sisters, two doctors, and herself for three hundred beds! The chapter given to the Serbian Relief Movement, briefly detailing the work of the British Red Cross, Lady Paget's, Mrs. St. Clair Stobart's, the Scottish Women's, and other units, would alone make this a notable book. ("Through the Serbian Campaign." By Gordon Cordon-Smith, Hutchinson, 125, 64 Gordon-Smith. Hutchinson.

A MAHARANI'S TRIBUTE TO KITCHENER

Lord's Kitchener's full and authoritative biography cannot probably appear for some years, but there will doubtless be many tributes of an individual character to his great work in the various de-partments of his Imperial activities. That one of these tributes should come from the sex to which he was said by those who did not know him to be indifferent if not actually hostile, is not without its piquancy. No less a personage than the Maharani of Bhavnagar has deemed it her duty to put her impressions of Lord Kitchener into the form of a of Lord Kitchener into the form of a small book. It is an admirable effort, done in excellent English; it is of much more importance than the majority of the occasional efforts of those in high places who embark on book making, and its appearance is unique proof of the esteem won by the late Field Marshal in India. It also provides abundant testimony to the essential charm, urbanity, and simplicity of Kitchener the

bought. It is apparently for presentation to the Maharani's circle of friends, and wide though that may be, many who are outside would unquestionably be glad to secure a copy. Apart from the glad to secure a copy. Apart from account given of Lord Kitchener's in India and Egypt, it is eminently readable for the impression it conveys of a great servant of the Empire. Some of the anecdotes are delightful, if not always new. The story of Lord Kitchener jointages. ing the children in the nursery rather than the guests in the drawing-room is illuminating and, we doubt not, hen trovato. As to the story of Queen Victoria's asking him whether it was true toria's asking him whether it was true that he did not care for any woman, we are a little sceptical. He is said to have admitted that he cared for one. "Who is that?" asked the Queen. "Your Majesty," was the response. The best anecdote concerns "a sprig of nobility," who was summoned to headquarters, and inquired, "Did you send for me, Kitchener?" The reply was withering in its sarcasm: "Oh, don't call me Kitchener, it's so beastly familiar. Call me Herbert." ("F.M. Earl Kitchener of Khartoum. A Tribute to his Memory." By Nandkunverba, C. I., Maharani of Bhavnagar. With a foreword by the Rt. Hon. Lord Reay.)

The descriptions for the patterns illustrated on pages 61-63 are given in full below, those appearing on page 64 will be supplied on application; the patterns are described in the order in which they appear on the page, beginning at the upper left of the page and reading across

PATTERNS ON PAGE 61

FROCK NO. B3656.—For the frock in medium size: 64 yards of 40-inch material; \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of a yard of 40-inch material for collar and cuffs; \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of a yard of 36-inch material for waist lining. The skirt is 36 inches long and 3\frac{1}{4}\$ yards wide at the hem. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

WAIST NO. B3653; SKIRT NO. B3654.

—For the waist in medium size: 1½ yards of 36-inch material; 1 yard of 36-inch contrasting material for collar, straps, and belt; 1½ yards of 27-inch lining; 2 buttons. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 2]- The skirt is 36 inches long and 4½ yards wide at the hem. For the skirt in medium size: 4½ yards of 36-inch material. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 24 and 26 inches waist measure. Price, 2/-

COAT NO. B₃051; SKIRT NO. B₃052.
—For the coat in medium size: 3½ yards of 36-inch material. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 2/-The skirt is 36 inches long and 2½ yards wide at the hem. For the skirt in medium size: 2½ yards of 36-inch material. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 24 and 26 inches waist measure. Price, 2/-

WAIST NO. B3658; SKIRT NO. B3659.

—For the waist in medium size: 2½ yards of 40-inch material; ½ of a yard of 36-inch material for lining; 1 yard of 40-inch material for collar, cuffs, and belt. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 2/- The skirt is 36 inches long and 3½ yards wide at the hem. For the skirt in medium size: 5½ yards of 40-inch material. Sizes, 16 and 18 years, 24 and 26 inches waist measure. Price, 2/-

FROCK NO. B3648.—For the frock in medium size: 6% yards of 40-inch material; % of a yard of 18-inch material for vest; I yard of 30-inch material for lining; I yard of ribbon for tie. The skirt is 36 inches long and 3 yards wide at the hem. Price, 41-

PATTERNS ON PAGE 62

BRASSIÈRE NO. 73644.—PETTICOAT NO. 73645; Italian and pussy willow silk, crêpe de Chine, and washable satin are all excellent silk for underwear. For the brassière in medium size: ½ yard of 40-inch material; ½ yard cf 1-inch ribbon; ½ yard of 2½-inch ribbon for shoulder-straps; 2½ yards of narrow trimming. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 2/- For the petticoat in medium size: 2½ yards of 40-inch material or 2½ yards of 16-inch flouncing and 1½ yards of 40-inch material for upper section; 3½ yards of narrow edging for bottom of flounce. Sizes, 24 to 30 inches waist measure, 35 to 41 inches hip measure. Price, 2/-

COMB INATION NO. 73646.—This combination matches the nightgown No. 73647. Por the combination in medium size: 2½ yards of 40-inch material, ¾ of a yard of ribbon. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 2/-

NÉGLIGÉE NO. 73285.—This shows one way to make two pieces of material and lace ruffles into a becoming négligée jacket. For the négligée in medium size: 2½ yards of 40-inch material; 9½ yards of 1-inch trimming; 3½ yards of 1-inch ribbon; 2½ yards of 12-inch lace for sleeves. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 2/-

NIGHTGOWN NO. 73647.—The yok and sleeves of this nightgown are cut ir one piece, and the body of the gown is pleated For the nightgown in medium size: 3½ yards of 40-inch material; 1 yard of ribbon. Sizes 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 2/-

COMBINATION NO. 73439. — This French combination is cut with the front and back panels in one piece with the fold of the material at the lower edge. For the combination in medium size: 2½ yards of 36-inch material; 0½ yards of 1½-inch in sertion; 4 yards of 2-inch lace edging for lower edge; 1½ yards of 5½-inch lace; 2 of a yard of 2-inch lace for shoulder-straps. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 2/-

NÉGLIGÉE NO. 73636.—Royal purple chiffon with a touch of tarnished silver at the girdle and yellow and green silk introduced in hand stitching would make this a royal negligée. For the négligée in medium size: 6½ yards of 42-inch material for skirt, overwaist, and oversleeves; 5½ yards of 42-inch material for underskirt, underwaist, and undersleeves; 1½ yards of trimming 3 inches wide for waist; 1 yard of 4½-inch trimming for belt; 5½ yards of cord foredge of belt and lower edge of skirt; 6 buttons; 2 tassels. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

NEGLIGÉE NO. 73149.—Over a fleshcoloured silk négligee the chiffon coat could
be of old-blue banded with cream lace. For
the négligée in medium size: 3½ yards of
36-inch material for foundation shp; 3 yards
of 1-inch banding; 2½ yards of 42-inch
material for négligée; 1½ yards of 3½-inch
lace for collar; 2½ yards of 14-inch lace
for lower edge; 1½ yards of fur banding.
Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

NÉGLIGÉE NO. 73206.—This kimono négligée is cut in but four pieces with a trimming of fur and a motif of metal thread embroidery. For the négligee in medium size: 6½ yards of 36-inch material; 1½ vards of ribbon 2½ inches wide. Sizes, 34 to 40 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

PATTERNS ON PAGE 63

CHILD'S COAT NO. 33117.—A top-coat suitable for velvet or tweed. For the coat in medium size: 3½ yards of 36-inch material. Sizes, 6, 8, 10, 12 years. Price, 2/-

CHILD'S SMOCK NO. 33073.—A play smock and bloomers suitable for tub flannel, kindergarten, cloth gingham, or linen. For the smock in medium size: 14 yards of 36-inch material; 28 yards of 36-inch material for bloomers. Sizes, 2, 4, and 6 years. Price,

CHILD'S ROMPERS NO. 33273.—Galatea, linen, or gingham is suitable for these play rompers, with embroidery in bright-coloured linen thread. For the rompers in medium size: 1½ yards of 36-inch material; 1½ yards of 1-inch trimming. Sizes, 1 and 2 years. Price, 2/-

CHILD'S ROMPERS NO. 33011.—For the rompers in medium size: 2\(^8\) yards of 36-inch material; \(^1\) of a yard of 36-inch material for collar and cuffs. Sizes, 2, 4, 6, and 8 years. Price, 2/-

CHILD'S SMOCK NO. 33075.—Kindergarten cloth, tub flannel, and handkerchief linen are materials suitable for this smock. For the smock in medium size: 2½ yards of 36-inch material. For the bloomers: 1 yard of 36-inch material. Sizes, 2, 4, and 6 years. Price, 2/-

CHILD'S FROCK NO. 33460.—A child's frock suitable for materials such as crêpe or serge with a detachable guimpe of batiste. For the frock in medium size: 1½ yards of 36-inch material for guimpe; 1½ yards of 36-inch material for frock. Sizes, 6 and 8 years. Price, 2/-

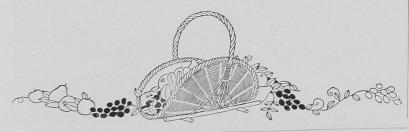
FROCK NO. 33464.—Serge, wool gabardine, or satin is a suitable material for this school dress, with the deep collar and vest of tub satin or organdi. For the frock in medium size: 5½ yards of 36-inch material; ½ yard of 36-inch material for trimming; ¾ yard of 36-inch material for trimming; ¾ yard of 36-inch material for lining; ¾ of a yard of ½-inch ribbon. The skirt is 34 inches long and 3½ yards wide at the hem. Sizes, 14, 16, and 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

CHILD'S FROCK NO. 33379.—A dress suitable for crêpe or handkerchief linen, with the collar and cuffs of organdi. For the frock in medium size: 2½ yards of 36-inch material; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of a yard of 40-inch material for collar and cuffs. Sizes, 2, 4, and 6 years. Price, 2/-

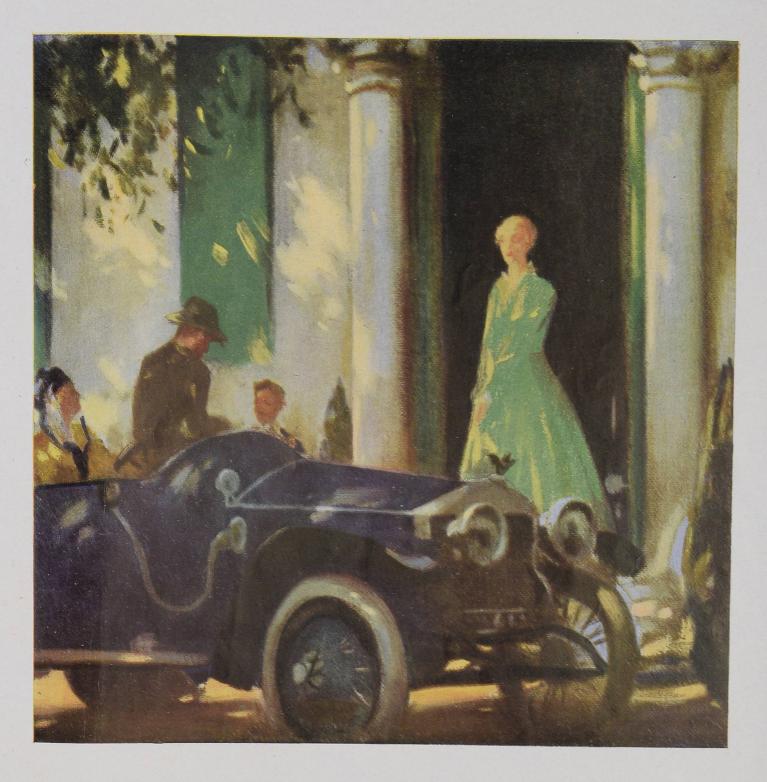
FROCK NO. 33251.—Serge, velveteen, or velours de laine could be combined with a cape, collar, and cuffs of satin; the belt may be of suède or of satin. For the frock in medium size: 5½ yards of 40-inch material; ¼ of a yard of 36-inch material for collar and cuffs. The skirt is 35 inches long and 3½ yards wide at the hem. Sizes, 10, 18 years, 34 and 36 inches bust measure. Price, 4/-

WAIST NO. 33478; SKIRT NO. 33479.—
For the evening frock, materials such as velvet and Georgette crêpe may be combined, the basque and bodice of velvet and the skirt of crêpe edged with silk or worsted fringe. For the waist in medium size: 1½ yards of 40-inch material; § of a yard of 40-inch material for sleeves; ½ yard of 18-inch all-over lace for vest; ¼ of a yard of 36-inch lining. Sizes, 16 and 18 years. Price, 2!— The skirt is 35 inches long and 3½ yards wide at the hem. For the skirt in medium size: 4 yards of 40-inch material; ¾ yards of 2-inch fringe. The skirt is cut-in sizes 16 and 18 years. Price, 2!—

CHILD'S FROCK NO. 33074.—A child's afternoon frock suitable for crêpe or batiste is hand-smocked. For the frock in medium size: 2½ yards of 36-inch material; ¾ of a yard of 18-inch material for collar and front yoke. Sizes, 4, 6, and 8 years. Price, 2/-



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